Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2025

Fukoku Mutual Life Insurance Company (President: Takehiko Watabe) announces financial results for the six months ended September 30, 2025.

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Attached: Supplementary Materials for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2025

1. Business Highlights

- (1) Policies in Force, New Policies and Surrendered and Lapsed Policies
- (i) Policies in Force

		As of March 31, 2025		As of September 30, 2025			
		Number of policies (Thousands)	Amount (100 millions of yen)	Number of (Thousands)	Changes (%, Pre-FYE)	Ame (100 millions of yen)	Changes (%, Pre-FYE)
	Individual insurance	3,094	212,248	3,098	100.1	211,801	99.8
	Individual annuities	542	20,869	540	99.6	20,791	99.6
Sı	ıbtotal	3,636	233,117	3,638	100.0	232,593	99.8
G	roup insurance	_	174,482	_	_	175,094	100.4
G	roup annuities		23,228			23,420	100.8

Notes: 1. Policy amounts for individual annuities are equal to (a) the funds to be held at the time annuity payments are to commence for an annuity for which annuity payments have not yet commenced and (b) the amount of policy reserve for an annuity for which payments have commenced and (c) special riders for term insurance attached to individual annuities.

(ii) New Policies

Six months ended September 30, 2024		Total		New business	Net increase by conversion	
		Number of policies (Thousands)	Amount (100 millions of yen)	Amount (100 millions of yen)	Amount (100 millions of yen)	
	Individual insurance	160	5,619	5,461	158	
	Individual annuities	22	869	875	(6)	
Sı	ıbtotal	183	6,489	6,336	152	
G	roup insurance	_	60	60	_	
G	roup annuities	_	0	0	_	

Six months ended September 30, 2025			To	otal		New business		Net increase by conversion	
		Number of (Thousands)	Changes (%, YoY)	Am (100 millions of yen)	Ount Changes (%, YoY)	Amo (100 millions of yen)	Changes (%, YoY)	Am (100 millions of yen)	Changes (%, YoY)
	Individual insurance	164	102.0	6,579	117.1	6,424	117.6	155	98.1
	Individual annuities	13	61.3	512	58.9	516	59.0	(4)	_
Sı	ıbtotal	177	97.0	7,092	109.3	6,941	109.5	151	99.2
G	roup insurance	_	ĺ	100	167.7	100	167.7		_
G	roup annuities			0	521.5	0	521.5		

Notes: 1. Number of new policies is the sum of new business and policies after conversion.

(iii)Surrendered and Lapsed Policies (Individual Insurance and Individual Annuities)

	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months endo September 30, 20	
			Changes (%, YoY)
Amount of surrender and lapse (100 millions of yen)	5,729	5,194	90.7
Surrender and lapse ratio (%)	2.41	2.23	(0.18)

Notes: 1. The amount of lapse is not offset by the amount of reinstatement which was once lapsed.

^{2.} Policy amount in force for group annuities is equal to the amount of outstanding policy reserve.

^{2.} Amount of new policies for individual annuities, both new business and net increase by conversion, is equal to the funds to be held at the time annuity payments are to commence and special riders for term insurance attached to individual annuities.

^{3.} Amount for group annuities is equal to the initial premium payment.

^{2.} The column of "Changes" of surrender and lapse ratio is increase-decrease points over year.

(2) Annualized Premiums

(i) Policies in Force

(100 millions of yen, %)

	As of March 31, 2025	As of Septemb	per 30, 2025
			Changes (%, Pre-FYE)
Individual insurance	2,572	2,582	100.4
Individual annuities	1,029	1,021	99.2
Total	3,601	3,603	100.1
Medical coverage and living benefits	1,171	1,175	100.4

(ii) New Policies

(100 millions of yen, %)

			(-	oo iiiiiioiis or yeli, 70)
		Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended Se	eptember 30, 2025
				Changes (%, YoY)
Indivi	dual insurance	61	80	131.8
Indivi	dual annuities	23	14	60.3
Total		84	94	112.0
	Medical coverage and living benefits	32	32	98.7

Notes: 1. Annualized premiums are calculated by using coefficients based on the premium payment method. (For single premium contracts, the amount is calculated by dividing the premium by the coverage period.)

^{2.} Figures for medical coverage and living benefits represent portion of annualized premium corresponding to the medical benefits (hospitalization benefits and surgery benefits, etc.), living benefits (nursing care benefits, etc.) and premium waiver benefits, in which disability cause is excluded but causes such as specific illness are included.

^{3.} New policies include net increase by conversion.

2. Investment Results of General Account Assets

(1) Asset Composition

(Millions of yen, %)

	As of March 31	As of March 31, 2025		30, 2025
	Amount	% of total	Amount	% of total
Cash, deposits, and call loans	282,135	3.9 %	477,082	6.4 %
Money held in trust	23,812	0.3	24,377	0.3
Securities	6,074,460	84.4	6,324,654	84.2
Domestic bonds	2,824,372	39.2	3,266,217	43.5
Domestic stocks	962,949	13.4	1,150,852	15.3
Foreign securities	2,064,263	28.7	1,684,392	22.4
Foreign bonds	1,406,359	19.5	920,726	12.3
Foreign stocks and other securities	657,903	9.1	763,666	10.2
Other securities	222,875	3.1	223,192	3.0
Loans	472,157	6.6	336,711	4.5
Policy loans	43,775	0.6	43,575	0.6
Ordinary loans	428,381	6.0	293,136	3.9
Real estate	257,599	3.6	257,327	3.4
Others	89,365	1.2	87,446	1.2
Allowance for possible loan losses	(508)	(0.0)	(556)	(0.0)
Total	7,199,022	100.0	7,507,043	100.0
Foreign currency denominated assets	2,055,828	28.6	1,653,076	22.0

Note: The amount of real estate is equal to the amounts of land, buildings, and construction in progress.

(2) Changes (Increase/Decrease) in Assets

(Millions of yen)

	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Cash, deposits, and call loans	40,745	194,947
Money held in trust	(181)	565
Securities	(134,524)	250,194
Domestic bonds	(132,668)	441,845
Domestic stocks	(17,464)	187,903
Foreign securities	10,834	(379,870)
Foreign bonds	522	(485,633)
Foreign stocks and other securities	10,312	105,762
Other securities	4,773	317
Loans	(18,466)	(135,445)
Policy loans	(936)	(200)
Ordinary loans	(17,530)	(135,245)
Real estate	4,515	(271)
Others	4,920	(1,919)
Allowance for possible loan losses	61	(48)
Total	(102,928)	308,021
Foreign currency denominated assets	(14,575)	(402,752)

Note: The amount of real estate is equal to the amounts of land, buildings, and construction in progress.

(3) Investment Income

(Millions of yen)

	T	(Millions of yen)
	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Interest, dividends and other income	90,285	98,576
Interest on deposits	14	147
Interest and dividends on securities	75,358	82,710
Interest on loans	4,282	4,349
Income from real estate for rent	10,379	10,943
Other interest and dividends	250	425
Gains on money held in trust, net	_	604
Gains on trading securities, net	0	_
Gains on sales of securities	48,569	88,886
Gains on sales of domestic bonds	1,903	5,248
Gains on sales of domestic stocks	19,505	15,865
Gains on sales of foreign securities	27,159	67,772
Gains on redemption of securities	3,011	3,511
Reversal of allowance for possible loan losses	51	_
Other investment income	76	86
Total	141,993	191,666

(4) Investment Expenses

(Millions of yen)

	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Interest expenses	2,312	2,304
Losses on money held in trust, net	137	_
Losses on trading securities, net	_	3
Losses on sales of securities	32,515	70,415
Losses on sales of domestic bonds	31,822	58,994
Losses on sales of domestic stocks	198	571
Losses on sales of foreign securities	494	10,849
Losses on valuation of securities	752	95
Losses on valuation of domestic stocks	83	95
Losses on valuation of foreign securities	668	_
Losses on derivative instruments, net	745	922
Foreign exchange losses, net	628	346
Provision of allowance for possible loan losses	_	52
Depreciation of real estate for rent and other assets	2,869	2,974
Other investment expenses	6,551	19,650
Total	46,512	96,765

(5) Net Investment Income

	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Net investment income	95,481	94,901

(6) Net Valuation Gains/Losses on Trading Securities

(Millions of yen)

-					(Millions of yell)
		As o	f March 31, 2025	As of S	September 30, 2025
		Carrying value on the	Net valuation gains/losses included	Carrying value on the	Net valuation gains/losses included
		balance sheet	in the statement of operations	balance sheet	in the statement of operations
	Trading securities	22,812	(0)	23,377	58

Note: The table above includes money held in trust for trading purpose.

(7) Fair Value Information on Securities (other than trading securities)

(Millions of yen)

		As of March 31, 2025				As of Se	eptember 30,	2025	As of September 30, 2025			
	Book value	Fair value	G	ains/Losses		Book value	Fair value		ains/Losses			
				Gains	Losses				Gains	Losses		
Held-to-maturity debt securities	645,682	666,692	21,010	21,010	_	625,391	640,889	15,498	15,498	_		
Domestic bonds	645,682	666,692	21,010	21,010		625,391	640,889	15,498	15,498	_		
Foreign bonds	_	_	_	_			_			_		
Policy-reserve-matching bonds	627,193	568,591	(58,601)	_	58,601	1,190,149	1,046,258	(143,890)	_	143,890		
Domestic bonds	627,193	568,591	(58,601)	_	58,601	1,190,149	1,046,258	(143,890)	_	143,890		
Foreign bonds		_	_	_	_	_			_	_		
Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_		
Available-for-sale securities	3,952,840	4,676,064	723,223	911,702	188,478	3,470,962	4,373,314	902,352	1,069,565	167,213		
Domestic bonds	1,663,797	1,551,497	(112,300)	41,982	154,283	1,560,312	1,450,677	(109,634)	31,897	141,531		
Domestic stocks	377,840	894,051	516,210	521,429	5,218	393,455	1,081,959	688,503	690,156	1,653		
Foreign securities	1,759,222	2,035,649	276,427	302,858	26,431	1,376,303	1,650,233	273,930	296,972	23,041		
Foreign bonds	1,315,509	1,406,359	90,849	111,631	20,781	898,812	920,726	21,913	41,288	19,374		
Foreign stocks and other securities	443,712	629,290	185,577	191,226	5,649	477,491	729,507	252,016	255,683	3,667		
Other securities	151,979	194,865	42,886	45,431	2,545	140,890	190,443	49,552	50,539	986		
Money held in trust		_	_	_	_	_			_	_		
Monetary claims bought		_	_	_	_	_	1		_	_		
Negotiable certificate of deposits		_	_	_	_	_		I	_	_		
Others	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Total	5,225,715	5,911,347	685,632	932,713	247,080	5,286,502	6,060,462	773,959	1,085,063	311,104		
Domestic bonds	2,936,672	2,786,781	(149,891)	62,993	212,884	3,375,852	3,137,825	(238,026)	47,395	285,422		
Domestic stocks	377,840	894,051	516,210	521,429	5,218	393,455	1,081,959	688,503	690,156	1,653		
Foreign securities	1,759,222	2,035,649	276,427	302,858	26,431	1,376,303	1,650,233	273,930	296,972	23,041		
Foreign bonds	1,315,509	1,406,359	90,849	111,631	20,781	898,812	920,726	21,913	41,288	19,374		
Foreign stocks and other securities	443,712	629,290	185,577	191,226	5,649	477,491	729,507	252,016	255,683	3,667		
Other securities	151,979	194,865	42,886	45,431	2,545	140,890	190,443	49,552	50,539	986		
Money held in trust	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Monetary claims bought	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_		
Negotiable certificate of deposits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Others	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		

Notes: 1. The table above includes assets which are considered appropriate to deem as securities under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law.

• Book value of securities and investment partnerships without fair value are as follows:

(Millions of yen)

		(without or year)
	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	64,787	64,787
Available-for-sale securities	54,333	63,011
Domestic stocks	5,668	5,662
Foreign stocks	_	_
Others	48,665	57,348
Total	119,120	127,798

Note: In this table, domestic and overseas investment partnerships are included in "Others" within "Available-for-sale securities." However, unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities corresponding to these holdings by domestic and overseas investment partnerships (¥6,400 million as of March 31, 2025 and ¥8,001 million as of September 30, 2025) are included in their balance sheet carrying amounts.

^{2.} The securities and investment partnerships without fair value are not included in the table above.

(8) Fair Value Information on Money Held in Trust

(Millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2025					As of September 30, 2025				
			Gains/losses Carrying value				G	ains/losse	s	
	on the balance sheet	Fair value		Gains	Losses	on the balance sheet	Fair value	e	Gains	Losses
Money held in trust	23,812	23,812		_	_	24,377	24,377			_

• Money held in trust for trading purpose

(Millions of yen)

	As of Marc	h 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025		
	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Net valuation gains/losses included in the statements of operations	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Net valuation gains/losses included in the statements of operations	
Money held in trust for trading purpose	22,812	(0)	23,377	58	

• Money held in trust classified as held-to-maturity, policy-reserve-matching and available-for-sale

										ons or yen)
	As of March 31, 2025					As of Septen	nber 30, 20	25		
	D 1 1 E 1		Fair value Gains/losses Bool				G	ains/losse	:s	
	Book value	rair value		Gains	Losses	Book value	Fair value		Gains	Losses
Money held in trust for held-to-maturity	_		_	_	_	_	_		_	_
Money held in trust for policy-reserve-matching	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Money held in trust for available-for-sale	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Reference: Fair Value Information on Derivative Instruments (General Account)

(i) Gains and Losses on Derivatives

(Millions of yen)

As of March 31, 2025	Interest-related	Currency- related	Stock- related	Bond- related	Others	Total
Hedge accounting applied	_	_	_		_	
Hedge accounting not applied	_	300	_		_	300
Total	_	300	_		_	300
As of September 30, 2025	Interest- related	Currency- related	Stock- related	Bond- related	Others	Total
Hedge accounting applied	_	_	_			
Hedge accounting not applied	_	(497)	_			(497)
Total		(497)				(497)

Note: Gains and losses with hedge accounting not applied are reported in the statements of operations.

(ii) Interest-related Transactions

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

(iii) Currency-related Transactions

(Millions of yen)

		As of March	31, 2025		A	s of Septembe		110113 01 3 011)
	Notional a contract	value	Fair value	Gains (Losses)	Notional a contract		Fair value	Gains (Losses)
		Over 1 year				Over 1 year		
Over-the-counter transactions								
Currency forward contracts								
Sold	21,975	_	21,743	231	30,655	_	31,140	(484)
U.S. dollar	11,111	_	11,021	89	14,134	_	14,244	(109)
Australian dollar	8,979	_	8,786	192	12,988	_	13,337	(349)
British pound	1,884	_	1,934	(50)		_	1,995	(29)
Euro	_	_	_	_	1,566	_	1,563	3
Bought		_	_	_	295	_	294	(0)
U.S. dollar	_	_	_	_	295	_	294	(0) (0)
Currency options Sold					7.00			
Call		_			760	_	ا ِ ا	
11.0 1.11	[-]		_	_	[6]		5	0
U.S. dollar		_			760	_	آ ۽	
	L -]		_	_	[6]		5	0
Put		_				_		
	[-]		_	_	[-]		_	_
Bought Call	_	_			_	_		
	$\begin{bmatrix} & - \end{bmatrix}$		_	_	[-]		_	_
Put	70,760	_			2,175	_		
	[1,124]		1,192	68	[31]		19	(12
U.S. dollar	70,760	_			2,175	_		
	[1,124]		1,192	68	[31]		19	(12
Total				300				(497

Notes: 1. Forward exchange rates are used for exchange rates as of September 30, 2025.

(iv) Stock-related Transactions

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

(v) Bond-related Transactions

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

Reference: Fair Value of Real Estate (Land and Leaseholds)

(Millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2025		As	s of September 30, 2025	•
Carrying value on the balance sheet	Fair value	Gains (Losses)	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Fair value	Gains (Losses)
153,062	340,652	187,590	153,051	342,059	189,007

Note: Fair value is based on the appraisal value by the real-estate appraiser, the appraisal value for property tax and the road rate.

^{2.} Figures in [$\;$] are option premiums which are included in the balance sheet.

^{3.} Regarding assets and liabilities which are denominated in foreign currencies but have fixed settlement in yen under currency forward contracts and are reported in yen amounts in the balance sheet, those currency forward contracts are excluded from the table above.

3. Non-consolidated Balance Sheets

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Assets:		
Cash and deposits	185,154	266,089
Call loans	97,000	211,000
Money held in trust	23,812	24,377
Securities	6,202,664	6,459,548
[Government bonds]	[2,277,386]	[2,730,249]
[Local government bonds]	[83,522]	[74,893]
[Corporate bonds]	[494,223]	[494,804]
[Stocks]	[996,730]	[1,187,660]
[Foreign securities]	[2,127,924]	[1,748,748]
Loans:	472,157	336,711
Policy loans	43,775	43,575
Ordinary loans	428,381	293,136
Tangible fixed assets	262,651	261,990
Intangible fixed assets	24,720	25,955
Agency receivables	181	50
Reinsurance receivables	75	11
Other assets	57,913	52,965
Prepaid pension cost	3,980	4,672
Allowance for possible loan losses	(508)	(556)
Total assets	7,329,802	7,642,817

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Liabilities:		
Policy reserves:	5,958,401	6,054,004
Reserve for outstanding claims	24,893	23,814
Policy reserve	5,869,389	5,938,562
Reserve for dividends to policyholders	64,117	91,626
Reinsurance payables	38	61
Subordinated bonds	267,260	308,480
Other liabilities:	46,920	54,820
Corporate income tax payable	102	1,743
Asset retirement obligations	4,486	4,533
Rest of the other liabilities	42,331	48,542
Reserve for employees' retirement benefits	26,836	26,693
Reserve for price fluctuation	188,566	175,617
Deferred tax liabilities	24,268	79,444
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation	14,600	14,597
Total liabilities	6,526,893	6,713,718
Net assets:		
Foundation funds	8,000	8,000
Accumulated foundation funds redeemed	128,000	128,000
Reserve for revaluation	112	112
Surplus:	142,527	140,241
Legal reserve for future losses	3,660	3,800
Other surplus:	138,867	136,441
Reserve for redemption of foundation funds	_	1,600
Reserve for dividend allowances	20,000	20,000
Accumulated fund for price fluctuation	41,000	41,000
Reserve for employee returns	_	3,402
Reserve for advanced depreciation of real estate for tax purpose	202	199
Other reserves	767	767
Unappropriated surplus	76,897	69,472
Total foundation funds, surplus and others	278,640	276,354
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	520,242	648,726
Revaluation reserve for land, net of tax	4,025	4,018
Total valuation and translation adjustments	524,268	652,744
Total net assets	802,908	929,098
Total liabilities and net assets	7,329,802	7,642,817

4. Non-consolidated Statements of Operations

	1	(Millions of yen)
	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Ordinary revenues:	56ptemoer 50, 2024	56ptemoor 50, 2025
Premium and other income	256,190	289,129
[Premium income]	[256,175]	[288,995]
Investment income	141,993	205,019
[Interest, dividends and other income]	[90,285]	[98,576]
[Gains on money held in trust, net]	[—]	[604]
[Gains on trading securities, net]	[0]	[—]
[Gains on sales of securities]	[48,569]	[88,886]
[Gains on separate accounts, net]	[—]	[13,352]
Other ordinary revenues	6,040	6,744
[Reversal of reserve for outstanding claims]	[375]	[1,078]
Total ordinary revenues	404,224	500,892
Ordinary expenses:		·
Claims and other payments	234,203	225,454
[Claims]	[54,079]	[44,765]
[Annuities]	[74,245]	[73,154]
[Benefits]	[60,449]	[61,500]
[Surrenders]	[33,233]	[30,489]
[Other payments]	[12,093]	[15,438]
Provision of policy reserve and others:	7,133	69,268
Provision of policy reserves	7,127	69,173
Provision of interest portion of reserve for dividends to policyholders	6	95
Investment expenses	46,649	96,765
[Interest expenses]	[2,312]	[2,304]
[Losses on money held in trust, net]	[137]	[—]
[Losses on trading securities, net]	[—]	[3]
[Losses on sales of securities]	[32,515]	[70,415]
[Losses on valuation of securities]	[752]	[95]
[Losses on derivative instruments, net]	[745]	[922]
[Foreign exchange losses, net]	[628]	[346]
[Losses on separate accounts, net]	[136]	[—]
Operating expenses	48,672	54,633
Other ordinary expenses	12,714	13,377
Total ordinary expenses	349,374	459,499
Ordinary profits	54,850	41,393
Extraordinary gains:		
Gains on disposal of fixed assets	0	_
Reversal of reserve for price fluctuation	_	12,948
Total extraordinary gains	0	12,948
Extraordinary losses:		
Losses on disposal of fixed assets	19	212
Impairment losses	2	10
Provision of reserve for price fluctuation	1,736	_
Employee returns special expenses		1,597
Total extraordinary losses	1,757	1,820
Surplus before income taxes	53,092	52,522
Income taxes:		
Current	11,465	5,486
Deferred	(1,693)	2,926
Total income taxes	9,772	8,412
Net surplus for the period	43,320	44,109

5. Non-consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

[For the six months ended September 30, 2024]

											(ons of yen)
					For	undation funds	, surplus and oth					
					I			rplus				Total foundation funds, surplus and others
	Foundation funds	Accumulated foundation funds redeemed	Reserve for revaluation	Legal reserve for future losses	Reserve for redemption of foundation funds	Reserve for dividend allowances	Accumulated fund for price fluctuation	Reserve for advanced depreciation of real estate for tax purpose	Other reserves	Unappropriated surplus	Total surplus	
Balance at the beginning of the current period	12,000	116,000	112	3,548	9,600	20,000	41,000	204	767	63,509	138,628	266,740
Changes in the current period												
Financing of additional foundation funds	8,000											8,000
Additions to reserve for dividends to policyholders										(37,138)	(37,138)	(37,138)
Additions to legal reserve for future losses				112						(112)	_	_
Additions to accumulated foundation funds redeemed		12,000										12,000
Payment of interest on foundation funds										(102)	(102)	(102)
Net surplus for the current period										43,320	43,320	43,320
Redemption of foundation funds	(12,000)											(12,000)
Additions to reserve for redemption of foundation funds					2,400					(2,400)	_	_
Reversal of reserve for redemption of foundation funds					(12,000)						(12,000)	(12,000)
Reversal of reserve for advanced depreciation of real estate for tax purpose								(1)		1	_	_
Net changes, excluding foundation funds, surplus and others												
Total changes in the current period	(4,000)	12,000	_	112	(9,600)	_	_	(1)	_	3,569	(5,920)	2,079
Balance at the end of the current period	8,000	128,000	112	3,660	_	20,000	41,000	202	767	67,078	132,708	268,820

	Valuation a	Valuation and translation adjustments					
	Net unrealized gains (losses) on available- for- sale securities, net of tax	Revaluation reserve for land, net of tax	Total valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets			
Balance at the beginning of the current period	659,808	4,500	664,308	931,049			
Changes in the current period							
Financing of additional foundation funds				8,000			
Additions to reserve for dividends to policyholders				(37,138)			
Additions to legal reserve for future losses				Ī			
Additions to accumulated foundation funds redeemed				12,000			
Payment of interest on foundation funds				(102)			
Net surplus for the current period				43,320			
Redemption of foundation funds				(12,000)			
Additions to reserve for redemption of foundation funds				_			
Reversal of reserve for redemption of foundation funds				(12,000)			
Reversal of reserve for advanced depreciation of real estate for tax purpose				_			
Net changes, excluding foundation funds, surplus and others	(93,750)	_	(93,750)	(93,750)			
Total changes in the current period	(93,750)	_	(93,750)	(91,670)			
Balance at the end of the current period	566,057	4,500	570,558	839,378			

						г 1.	tion funds, surp	1 1 1				(IVIIII	ions of yen)	
		I	I			Founda	tion tunds, surp	Surplus					1	
					1			Other surpli						
	Foundation		n foundation	Reserve for revaluation	Legal	Reserve for	Reserve for	Accumulated	Reserve for	Reserve for			Total	Total foundation funds, surplu
	iuius		revaluation	reserve for future losses	redemption of foundation funds	10 01 1	fund for price fluctuation		depreciation of real estate for tax purpose	Other reserves	Unappropriated surplus	surplus	and others	
Balance at the beginning of the current period	8,000	128,000	112	3,660	_	20,000	41,000	_	202	767	76,897	142,527	278,640	
Changes in the current period														
Additions to reserve for dividends to policyholders											(46,273)	(46,273)	(46,273)	
Additions to legal reserve for future losses				140							(140)	_	_	
Payment of interest on foundation funds											(129)	(129)	(129)	
Net surplus for the current period											44,109	44,109	44,109	
Additions to reserve for redemption of foundation funds					1,600						(1,600)	_	_	
Additions to reserve for employee returns								5,000			(5,000)	_	_	
Reversal of reserve for employee returns								(1,597)			1,597	_	_	
Reversal of reserve for advanced depreciation of real estate for tax purpose									(3)		3	_	_	
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land, net of tax											7	7	7	
Net changes, excluding foundation funds, surplus and others														
Total changes in the current period	_	_	_	140	1,600	_	_	3,402	(3)	-	(7,425)	(2,285)	(2,285)	
Balance at the end of the current period	8,000	128,000	112	3,800	1,600	20,000	41,000	3,402	199	767	69,472	140,241	276,354	

	Valu	ation and trans	slation adjustme	nts
	Net unrealized gains (losses) on available- for- sale securities, net of tax	Revaluation reserve for land, net of tax	Total valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the current period	520,242	4,025	524,268	802,908
Changes in the current period				
Additions to reserve for dividends to policyholders				(46,273)
Additions to legal reserve for future losses				_
Payment of interest on foundation funds				(129)
Net surplus for the current period				44,109
Additions to reserve for redemption of foundation funds				_
Additions to reserve for employee returns				
Reversal of reserve for employee returns				_
Reversal of reserve for advanced depreciation of real estate for tax purpose				_
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land, net of tax				7
Net changes, excluding foundation funds, surplus and others	128,483	(7)	128,476	128,476
Total changes in the current period	128,483	(7)	128,476	126,190
Balance at the end of the current period	648,726	4,018	652,744	929,098

Notes to the Non-consolidated Financial Statements

I. Presentation of the Non-consolidated Financial Statements

1. Basis of presentation

The accompanying non-consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the accounts maintained by Fukoku Mutual Life Insurance Company (the "Company") in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Insurance Business Act of Japan and its related rules and regulations and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Japan.

In addition, the notes to the non-consolidated financial statements include information which is not required under accounting principles generally accepted in Japan but is presented herein as additional information.

Amounts of less than one million yen have been rounded down. As a result, the totals do not add up.

II. Notes to the Non-consolidated Balance Sheets

- 1. (1) The valuation of securities, including cash and deposits and monetary claims bought which are equivalent to securities, and securities managed as trust assets in money held in trust, is as follows:
 - i) Trading securities are stated at fair market value. Costs of their sales are determined by the moving average method.
 - ii) Held-to-maturity debt securities are stated at amortized cost under the straight-line method, cost being determined by the moving average method.
 - iii) Policy-reserve-matching bonds are stated at amortized cost under the straight-line method, cost being determined by the moving average method in accordance with "Temporary Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Concerning Policy-Reserve-Matching Bonds in the Insurance Industry" (Industry Audit Committee Report No. 21, issued by the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (JICPA) on November 16, 2000).
 - iv) Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates are stated at cost, cost being determined by the moving average method.
 - v) Available-for-sale securities are stated at fair market value based on the market prices at the end of the current period. Costs of their sales are determined by the moving average method. Public and corporate bonds (including foreign bonds) with differences between their acquisition costs and fair values that are considered as adjustments of interest are stated at amortized cost (straight-line method) determined by the moving average method. However, stocks and other securities without quoted market prices are stated at cost, as determined using the moving average method. Net unrealized gains or losses on these available-for-sale securities, net of taxes, are recorded as a separate component of net assets.
 - (2) Derivative instruments are stated at fair market value.
 - (3) The Company revalued the land used in the operations based on the Act for Revaluation of Land (Act No.34 promulgated on March 31, 1998). The difference between fair value and book value resulting from the revaluation, net of related taxes, is recorded as revaluation reserve for land as a separate component of net assets and the related tax is recorded as deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation.
 - Date of revaluation: March 31, 2002
 - Method of revaluation as prescribed for in Article 3 Paragraph 3 of the said Act:

Calculation is based on the appraisal value for property tax set forth in Article 2 item 3 of the Enforcement Ordinance of the Act for Revaluation of Land (Government Ordinance No.119 promulgated on March 31, 1998) and the road rate set forth in Article 2 item 4 of the said Ordinance with certain reasonable adjustments.

- (4) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets is calculated by the following methods.
 - Tangible fixed assets (excluding lease assets): Declining-balance method
 However, buildings (excluding building attachments and structures acquired on or before March 31, 2016)
 acquired on or after April 1, 1998 are depreciated using Straight-line method.
 - Lease assets related to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership: Straight-line method over the lease term with no residual value.

Other tangible fixed assets acquired for \\$100,000 or more but less than \\$200,000 are depreciated equally over three years.

- (5) Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, except for investments in subsidiaries and affiliates, are translated into Japanese yen at the effective exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rate on the date of acquisition.
- (6) Allowance for possible loan losses is provided in accordance with the Company's standards of self-assessment and write-offs and reserves on credit quality:
 - i) For the credits of borrowers who are legally bankrupt such as being in the proceedings of bankruptcy or civil rehabilitation (hereinafter called "legally bankrupt borrowers") and who are substantially bankrupt (hereinafter called "substantially bankrupt borrowers"), the Company provides the remaining amounts of credits after the direct write-off described below and the deductions of the amount expected to be collected through the disposal of collateral or the execution of guarantees.
 - ii) For the credits of borrowers who are not currently bankrupt but have a high possibility of bankruptcy (hereinafter called "not currently bankrupt borrowers"), the Company provides the amounts deemed as necessary considering the borrowers' ability to pay, within the amounts after deductions of the amounts expected to be collected through the disposal of collateral or the execution of guarantees.
 - iii) For the credits of borrowers other than the above, the Company provides the amounts calculated by multiplying the borrowers' balance by the actual ratio of bad debt losses on defaults during a certain past period.

All credits are assessed by the relevant departments in accordance with the Company's standards of self-assessment on credit quality. The results of the assessment are reviewed by the audit department, which is independent of business-related divisions. Subsequently, the allowance for possible loan losses is provided based on the results of these assessments.

For the credits of legally bankrupt borrowers and substantially bankrupt borrowers, the amounts remaining after deductions of collateral value or the amounts collectible through the execution of guarantees are written-off directly from the borrowers' balances as the estimated uncollectible amounts. The amount written-off as of September 30, 2025 was ¥1 million.

(7) Reserve for employees' retirement benefits and prepaid pension costs are presented based on projected benefit obligations and pension plan assets at the balance sheet date.

The Company uses the following methods for amortizing retirement benefit obligations and retirement benefit expenses:

•	Method for allocation of projected retirement benefits	Benefit formula basis
•	Amortization period of actuarial gains and losses	10 years
•	Amortization period of prior service cost	10 years

- (8) Reserve for price fluctuation is calculated in accordance with Article 115 of the Insurance Business Act.
- (9) Hedge accounting is based on "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Statement No. 10, July 4, 2019). The Company applies a designated hedge accounting ("Furiate shori") for foreign currency swaps as a hedge against the risk of foreign exchange fluctuation in relation to bonds denominated in foreign currencies issued by the Company.

For assessing the effectiveness of hedge used, ratio analysis of comparing the fluctuations in the fair value or cash flows of hedged items and hedging instruments is mainly applied.

- (10) Accounting of unrecognized actuarial differences and unrecognized prior service costs related to employees' retirement benefits is different to the methods used for these items in the consolidated financial statements.
- (11) The Company accounts for consumption taxes by the tax-exclusion method. The consumption taxes on certain assets, which are not deductible from consumption taxes withheld and that are stipulated to be deferred under the Tax Act, are deferred as prepaid expenses and amortized equally over five years. Consumption taxes other than deferred consumption taxes are recognized as an expense when incurred.
- (12) Initial premium incomes are recorded by the relevant amounts received when the premium incomes have been received and the responsibilities on the insurance contract have been commenced, in principal.

Subsequent premium incomes are also recorded as the amount of payments that have been received.

Of premium incomes that have been received, the portion corresponding to the period that has yet to pass as of September 30, 2025 is accumulated as policy reserve in accordance with Article 116 of the Insurance Business Act and Article 69 Paragraph 1 Item 2 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act.

Premium incomes associated with the acceptance of group annuities are recorded as amounts equivalent to the policy reserve received when accepting the transfers of these group annuities.

(13) Claims and other payments (excluding reinsurance premiums) are recorded by the relevant amounts paid when the cause for payment under the policy conditions is occurred and the calculated amounts are paid based on the policy conditions.

In accordance with Article 117 of the Insurance Business Act and Article 72 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act, reserve for outstanding claims are accumulated as for claims for which the Company has a payment due but has not paid, or for which the occurrence of cause for payment has not been reported but the Company recognizes that insured payment has already occurred as of September 30, 2025.

Regarding claims for which the occurrence of cause for payment has not been reported but the Company recognizes that insured payment has already occurred ("IBNR reserves"), the special treatment providing payment of hospitalization benefits with respect to those diagnosed with COVID-19 and were under the care of a doctor or the like at an lodging facility or at home ("deemed hospitalization") was discontinued on May 8, 2023. As a result of this change, an appropriate amount of reserves cannot be obtained with the calculation method set forth in the main rules in Article 1, Paragraph 1 of the Notification of the Minister of Finance No.234, 1998 ("IBNR Notification"). The Company therefore records the amount that was calculated using the following method, pursuant to provisions in the proviso of Article 1, Paragraph 1 of IBNR Notification (the "Proviso").

(Overview of the calculation method)

The Company first deducts an amount pertaining to deemed hospitalization of policy holders from a required amount of IBNR reserves and the amount of claim payments for all the fiscal years, as set forth in the main rules in Article 1, Paragraph 1 of IBNR Notification, and then calculates in the same manner as in the main rules in Article 1, Paragraph 1 of IBNR Notification.

Claims and other payments associated with the outgoing transfer of group annuities are recorded as amounts equivalent to the policy reserve transferred when recognizing the transfers of these group annuities.

(14) Policy reserve of the Company is accumulated in accordance with the methods stated in the statement of calculation procedures for Insurance Premiums and Policy Reserves (Article 4 Paragraph 2 Item 4 of the Insurance Business Act) pursuant to Article 116 Paragraph 1 of the Insurance Business Act to prepare for the future performance of obligations under the insurance contracts for which the insurer's responsibilities have started as of September 30, 2025.

Premium reserves, one of the components of policy reserve, are calculated by the following method.

- i) In regard to the policies subject to the standard policy reserve, the method as prescribed by the Commissioner of Financial Services Agency (Ministry of Finance Ordinance No.48, 1996) is applied.
- ii) In regard to the policies not subject to the standard policy reserve, the net level premium method is applied.

In regard to the policy reserve accumulated pursuant to Article 69 Paragraphs 1, 2, and 4 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act, when the actual assumptions for long-term future cash flows (such as assumed incidence rate and assumed interest rate) deviate from those assumptions set in the "statement of calculation procedures for Insurance Premiums and Policy Reserves" and policy reserve is considered to be possibly insufficient to cover the future performance of obligations, additional policy reserve is required to accumulate in accordance with Article 69 Paragraph 5 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act. The following reserves have been established in compliance with this regulation.

- Among individual annuity insurance policies with an assumed interest rate of 5.00% or higher, for policies that have begun paying annuities (excluding wife's annuity insurance additional rider), the Company has reduced the assumed interest rate to 1.00% and funded additional policy reserves. As of September 30, 2025, the balance of these policy reserves was ¥65,657 million.
- Among whole life insurance policies with assumed interest rates of 5.00% or higher, the Company has reduced assumed interest rates for policies with premiums that have been paid in full (excluding policies that have been converted into paid-up or extended policies, single premium policies, and policies for which premiums have been waived) to 1.00% and funded additional policy reserves. As of September 30, 2025, the balance of these policy reserves was ¥103,929 million.
- The Company has also funded additional policy reserves for certain new cancer riders and highly advanced medical riders. As of September 30, 2025, the balance of these policy reserves was ¥90 million.

Contingency reserves, one of the components of policy reserve, are accumulated pursuant to Article 116 of the Insurance Business Act and Article 69 Paragraph 1 Item 3 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act to cover risks that may accrue in the future in order to ensure performing future obligations under the insurance contracts.

- (15) Depreciation of intangible fixed assets is calculated by the following methods.
 - Software: Straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.
 - Lease assets related to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership: Straight-line method over the lease term with no residual value.

- (16) Of the bonds corresponding to the sub-groups of individual insurance, individual annuities, and group annuities which are set by insurance types and investment policies, the bonds that are held to match the duration of liabilities are classified as policy-reserve-matching bonds in accordance with "Temporary Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Concerning Policy-reserve-matching Bonds in Insurance Industry" (Industry Audit Committee Report No. 21 issued by JICPA on November 16, 2000).
- 2. The carrying amounts, fair values and their related differences of major financial assets and liabilities in the general account as of September 30, 2025 were as follows:

			(Millions of yen)
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Difference
Money held in trust:			
Trading securities	¥23,377	¥23,377	¥
Total money held in trust	23,377	23,377	_
Securities:			
Held-to-maturity debt bonds	625,391	640,889	15,498
Policy-reserve-matching bonds	1,190,149	1,046,258	(143,890)
Available-for-sale securities	4,373,314	4,373,314	_
Total securities	6,188,854	6,060,462	(128,392)
Loans:			
Policy loans	43,575	43,575	(0)
Ordinary loans	293,136	294,086	950
Total loans	336,711	337,662	950
Assets total	6,548,943	6,421,501	(127,441)
Subordinated bonds*1	308,480	301,662	(6,817)
Liabilities total	308,480	301,662	(6,817)
Derivative instruments*2:			
Hedge accounting not applied	(497)	(497)	_
Total derivative instruments	¥(497)	¥(497)	¥

^{*1} The fair value of derivative instruments that are currency swaps under designated hedge accounting is included in the fair value of subordinated bonds because it is accounted for as an integral part of the subordinated bonds that are the hedge items.

- Notes: 1. Stocks without market prices, such as unlisted stocks, are not included in Securities of the above table. The amount of these stocks on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2025 was \(\frac{\pma}{2}\)73,450 million.
 - 2. In accordance with Paragraph 24-16 of the "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31, June 17, 2021. Hereinafter called "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement"), investments in partnerships are not included in Securities of the above table. As of September 30, 2025, the amount of investments in partnerships included on the balance sheet was ¥62,349 million.
 - 3. Investment trusts with real estate as investment trust properties which have applied Paragraph 24-9 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement are included in Securities.
- 3. Matters concerning the breakdown of financial instruments by fair value level are as follows.

 The fair values of financial instruments are classified into the following three levels according to the observability and materiality of inputs used to measure fair value.
 - Fair Value Level 1: Fair values measured using (unadjusted) quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Fair Value Level 2: Fair values measured using directly or indirectly observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs Fair Value Level 3: Fair values measured using material unobservable inputs

^{*2} Assets and liabilities generated by derivative instruments are offset and presented net. Net liabilities in total are presented in parentheses.

When multiple inputs with material impact are used to measure fair value, the resulting fair value is classified into the lowest fair value level into which any of these inputs can be categorized.

(1) Financial assets and liabilities with fair values recorded on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2025

			(N.	Iillions of yen)
Classification		Fair va	lue	
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Money held in trust:				
Trading securities	¥	¥23,377	¥	¥23,377
Total money held in trust	_	23,377	_	23,377
Securities:				
Available-for-sale securities:				
Government bonds	964,191		_	964,191
Local government bonds	_	66,736		66,736
Corporate bonds	_	419,750		419,750
Stocks	1,081,959			1,081,959
Foreign securities	719,626	906,374	24,232	1,650,233
Other securities	44,212	135,765	_	179,978
Total available-for-sale securities	2,809,990	1,528,625	24,232	4,362,848
Total securities	2,809,990	1,528,625	24,232	4,362,848
Assets total	2,809,990	1,552,003	24,232	4,386,226
Derivative instruments*:				
Currency-related	(0)	(496)		(497)
Total derivative instruments	¥ (0)	¥(496)	¥	¥(497)

^{*} Assets and liabilities generated by derivative instruments are offset and presented net. Net liabilities in total are presented in parentheses.

Note: Investment trusts with real estate as investment trust properties that have applied Paragraph 24-9 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement are not included in the figures above. The amount of the investment trusts on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2025 was ¥10,465 million. Reconciliation of balances from the beginning of the current fiscal year to balances as of September 30, 2025 for the investment trusts were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Balance at the beginning of the current period	¥10,302
Changes in net unrealized gains or losses	162
Balance at the end of the current period	¥10,465

			(N.	lillions of yen)			
Classification	Fair value						
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Securities:							
Held-to-maturity debt bonds:							
Government bonds	¥627,617	¥	¥	¥627,617			
Local government bonds	_	6,270		6,270			
Corporate bonds	_	7,001		7,001			
Total held-to-maturity debt securities	627,617	13,272	_	640,889			
Policy-reserve-matching bonds:							
Government bonds	997,989	_		997,989			
Local government bonds	_	1,696		1,696			
Corporate bonds	_	46,572	_	46,572			
Total policy-reserve-matching bonds	997,989	48,268	_	1,046,258			
Total securities	1,625,607	61,540		1,687,148			
Loans:							
Policy loans	_	_	43,575	43,575			
Ordinary loans			294,086	294,086			
Total loans	_	_	337,662	337,662			
Assets total	1,625,607	61,540	337,662	2,024,810			
Subordinated bonds		301,662	_	301,662			
Liabilities total	¥	¥301.662	¥	¥301,662			

(3) Explanation of valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value

i) Securities (including deposits and monetary claims bought which are treated as securities based on "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" [ASBJ Statement No.10, July 4, 2019])

The fair values of securities for which unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets are available (primarily listed stocks and government bonds [including some foreign securities]) are classified as Fair Value Level 1. Meanwhile, the fair values of securities for which quoted market prices are available, but are not available in active markets, are classified as Fair Value Level 2 (This category primarily includes local government bonds and corporate bonds [including some foreign securities]). When quoted market prices are not available for securities, prices obtained from third parties (mainly from information vendors and financial institutions with which the Company conducts business) and determined to have been measured in accordance with prescribed accounting standards are used to measure the fair values of these securities. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of a given security are material but unobservable, the resulting fair value is classified as Fair Value Level 3.

ii) Money held in trust

In principle, the fair values of securities managed as trust assets and classified as money held in trust are measured using the Company's prescribed method for determining the value of securities. These fair values are categorized as Fair Value Level 2.

iii) Loans

The fair values of policy loans are deemed to approximate book values, considering estimated repayment period and interest rate conditions since their repayment deadlines have not been set up due to the characteristics that the loans are limited to the amount of cash surrender values. Therefore, the book values are used as the fair values of policy loans.

The fair values of floating interest rate loans among the ordinary loans approximate the book values because the market interest rates are reflected in future cash flows in a short period. Therefore, the fair

values of floating interest rate loans are used as their book values. The fair values of fixed interest rate loans are primarily calculated by discounting the future cash flows to the present values.

The fair values of loans from legally bankrupt borrowers, substantially bankrupt borrowers and not currently bankrupt borrowers are computed by deducting the amount of the allowance for possible loan losses from the book values before direct write-offs.

Because significant unobservable inputs used to measure the fair values of loans, the resulting fair values are classified as Fair Value Level 3.

iv) Subordinated bonds

The fair values of corporate bonds issued by the Company are classified as Fair Value Level 2 and are measured using the same method applied to securities.

v) Derivative instruments

The fair values of derivative instruments for which unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets are available (primarily exchange-traded futures and options) are classified as Fair Value Level 1. However, most derivative instruments are traded over the counter and have no quoted market prices. Accordingly, prices obtained from third parties (mainly from information vendors and financial institutions with which the Company conducts business) and determined to have been measured in accordance with prescribed accounting standards are used to measure the fair values of these derivative instruments. Fair values of derivative instruments that were measured using only observable inputs or with unobservable inputs considered to be immaterial are classified as Fair Value Level 2. Meanwhile, fair values of derivative instruments that have been measured using material unobservable inputs are categorized as Fair Value Level 3.

- (4) Information concerning fair values of financial assets and liabilities that have been recorded on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2025 and classified as Fair Value Level 3
 - i) Quantitative information regarding material unobservable inputs When measuring fair value, the Company does not adjust quoted prices obtained from third parties and does not make estimates related to inputs that it cannot observe. Accordingly, quantitative information regarding material unobservable inputs have been omitted.
 - ii) Reconciliation of balances from the beginning of the current fiscal year to balances as of September 30, 2025, and valuation gains or losses recognized in the statements of operations for the six months ended September 30, 2025.

	(N	Millions of yen)
	Securities, Available-for-sale securities, Foreign securities	Total
Balance at the beginning of the current period	¥24,304	¥24,304
Gains or losses during the current period	(5)	(5)
Values recognized as gains or loses*	(5)	(5)
Changes in net unrealized gains or losses	(66)	(66)
Balance at the end of the current period	¥24,232	¥24,232

^{*} These amounts are included in investment income and investment expenses in the non-consolidated statements of operations for the six months ended September 30, 2025.

iii) Explanation of the valuation process for fair value

The Company's asset management division is responsible for the formulation of policies and procedures related to the measurement of fair value and the actual measurement of fair value. These fair values are subsequently checked by the risk management department to ensure their appropriateness and compliance with relevant policies and procedures.

The Company verifies the appropriateness of the fair values it measures using a variety of suitable methods, which include comparing quoted market prices obtained from different third parties; confirming

- techniques and inputs utilized for calculation; and further comparing measured fair values with the fair values of similar financial instruments.
- iv) Explanation of the impact on fair value in case of change in material unobservable inputs

 When measuring fair value, the Company does not adjust quoted prices obtained from third parties and does
 not make estimates related to inputs that it cannot observe. Accordingly, it has omitted information
 concerning impact on fair value stemming from changes in material unobservable inputs.
- 4. Notes related to the fair value of investment and rental properties are omitted as no significant change has occurred since the previous fiscal year-end.
- 5. The amount of securities lent under lending agreements was ¥439,278 million as of September 30, 2025.
- 6. The total amount of claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk, delinquent loans past three months or more, and restructured loans was ¥599 million as of September 30, 2025. The details are as follows.
 - i) The balance of claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors was ¥102 million as of September 30, 2025.

Of which, the estimated uncollectible amount written-off was ¥1 million as of September 30, 2025.

Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors are loans to borrowers who are subject to bankruptcy, corporate reorganization or rehabilitation or other similar proceedings and other borrowers in serious financial difficulties.

ii) The balance of claims with collection risk was ¥300 million as of September 30, 2025.

Claims with collection risk are loans to obligors (other than claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors) with deteriorated financial condition and results of operations from which it is unlikely that the principal and interest on the loans will be recovered.

iii) There was no balance of delinquent loans past three months or more as of September 30, 2025.

Delinquent loans past three months or more are loans for which interest payments or repayments of principal are delinquent for three months or more from the due date under the terms of the related loan agreements, excluding those loans classified as claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk.

iv) The balance of restructured loans was ¥196 million as of September 30, 2025.

Restructured loans are loans for which certain concessions favorable to borrowers, such as interest reduction or exemption, rescheduling of due date for repayments of principal or interest payment, waiver of claim or other terms, have been negotiated for the purpose of assisting and supporting the borrowers in the restructuring of their business. This category excludes loans classified as claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk, and delinquent loans past three months or more.

7. Accumulated depreciation of tangible fixed assets were ¥191,337 million as of September 30, 2025.

- 8. Total assets in separate accounts provided for in Article 118 of the Insurance Business Act were ¥140,728 million as of September 30, 2025. The amounts of separate account liabilities were the same as separate account assets.
- 9. Changes in reserve for dividends to policyholders for the six months ended September 30, 2025 were as follows:

(Millions of yen)
¥64,117
46,273
(18,860)
95
¥91,626

- 10. The amount of stocks of subsidiaries was \(\frac{4}{64}\),787 million as of September 30, 2025.
- 11. Assets pledged as collateral as of September 30, 2025 were \(\frac{1}{2}\)102,878 million of securities. Secured debts as of September 30, 2025, were \(\frac{1}{2}\)5,956 million.
- 12. Reserve for outstanding claims for the reinsurance contracts provided in accordance with Article 71 Paragraph 1 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act (hereinafter called "reserve for outstanding claims for ceded reinsurance") was ¥0 million as of September 30, 2025.

Policy reserve for the reinsurance contracts provided in accordance with Article 71 Paragraph 1 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act (hereinafter called "policy reserve for ceded reinsurance") was ¥18 million as of September 30, 2025.

- 13. There were unused commitment line agreements under which the Company is the lender of ¥18,953 million as of September 30, 2025.
- 14. Repayments of subordinated bonds are subordinated to other obligations.

III. Notes to the Non-consolidated Statements of Operations

1. The details of gains on sales of securities for the six months ended September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Domestic bonds	¥5,248
Domestic stocks and others	15,865
Foreign securities	¥67,772

2. The details of losses on sales of securities for the six months ended September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Domestic bonds.	¥58,994
Domestic stocks and others	571
Foreign securities	¥10,849

3. The details of losses on valuation of securities for the six months ended September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Domestic stocks and others	¥95

- 4. For the six months ended September 30, 2025, in calculating the reversal of reserve for outstanding claims, a reversal of reserve for outstanding claims for ceded reinsurance of ¥40 million was deducted. In calculating the provision of policy reserves, a provision of policy reserve for ceded reinsurance of ¥0 million was deducted.
- 5. Breakdown of interest, dividends and other income for the six months ended September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Interest on deposits	¥147
Interest and dividends on securities	82,710
Interest on loans	4,349
Income from real estate for rent	10,943
Other interest and dividends	425
Total	¥98,576

6. Breakdown of Ordinary Profits (Fundamental Profit)

(Millions of yen)

		Six months ended	Six months ended
Fundamental profit	A	September 30, 2024 44,766	September 30, 2025 38,845
Capital gains	A	51,662	92,916
Gains on money held in trust, net		31,002	517
Gains on trading securities, net		0	517
Gains on trading securities, net Gains on sales of securities		48,569	88,886
Gains on derivative instruments, net		40,309	88,880
Foreign exchange gains, net		_	_
Other capital gains		3,093	3,511
Capital losses		34,861	84,585
Losses on money held in trust, net		220	04,303
Losses on trading securities, net		220	3
Losses on sales of securities		32,515	70,415
Losses on valuation of securities		752	95
Losses on derivative instruments, net		745	922
Foreign exchange losses, net		628	346
Other capital losses			12,802
Net capital gains (losses)	В	16,801	8,330
Fundamental profit plus net capital gains (losses)	A+B	61,567	47,176
Non-recurring gains		_	_
Reinsurance income		_	_
Reversal of contingency reserve		_	_
Reversal of specific allowance for possible loan losse	es	_	_
Others		_	_
Non-recurring losses		6,716	5,782
Reinsurance premiums		_	_
Provision for contingency reserve		1,364	996
Provision of specific allowance for possible loan loss	ses	9	9
Provision of allowance for specified overseas loans		_	_
Write-offs of loans		_	_
Others		5,343	4,776
Non-recurring gains (losses)	С	(6,716)	(5,782)
Ordinary profits	A+B+C	54,850	41,393

Note: Other items break down as follows.

	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Fundamental profit	(3,010)	9,378
Interest, dividends, and other income from gains/losses on money held in trust	82	87
Interest, dividends, and other investment expenses from gains/losses on cancellation of investment trusts	(82)	_
Portion of gains/losses on redemption of securities attributable to foreign exchange fluctuations	(3,011)	(3,511)
Losses on receivables liquidation within other investment expenses		12,802
Other capital gains	3,093	3,511
Interest, dividends, and other investment expenses from gains/losses on cancellation of investment trusts	82	_
Portion of gains/losses on redemption of securities attributable to foreign exchange fluctuations	3,011	3,511
Other capital losses		12,802
Losses on receivables liquidation within other investment expenses	_	12,802
Non-recurring losses	5,343	4,776
Provision of policy reserves in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 5 of the Enforcement Regulations of the Insurance Business Act	5,343	4,776

7. Disclosed Claims Based on Insurance Business Act

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors	110	102
Claims with collection risk	372	300
Delinquent loans past three months or more	_	_
Restructured loans	244	196
Subtotal [Percentage of total]	727 [0.08%]	599 [0.08%]
Claims against normal obligors	942,940	779,205
Total	943,668	779,805

- Notes: 1. Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors are loans to borrowers who are subject to bankruptcy, corporate reorganization or rehabilitation or other similar proceedings and other borrowers in serious financial difficulties.
 - Claims with collection risk are loans to obligors (other than claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors) with deteriorated financial condition and results of operations from which it is unlikely that the principal and interest on the loans will be recovered.
 - 3. Delinquent loans past three months or more are loans for which interest payments or repayments of principal are delinquent for three months or more from the due date under the terms of the related loan agreements, excluding those loans classified as claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk.
 - 4. Restructured loans are loans for which certain concessions favorable to borrowers, such as interest reduction or exemption, rescheduling of due date for repayments of principal or interest payment, waiver of claim or other terms, have been negotiated for the purpose of assisting and supporting the borrowers in the restructuring of their business. This category excludes loans classified as claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk, and delinquent loans past three months or more.
 - 5. Claims against normal obligors are all other loans.

8. Solvency Margin Ratio

(Millions of yen)

		(Millions of yer
	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 202
Total solvency margin (A)	2,147,628	2,384,846
Foundation funds and surplus	229,196	249,140
Reserve for price fluctuation	188,566	175,617
Contingency reserve	219,910	220,906
General allowance for possible loan losses	267	309
(Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities (before tax) and deferred hedge gains (losses) (before tax)) × 90%	656,661	819,318
Net unrealized gains on real estate × 85%	175,284	176,479
Excess amount of policy reserve based on full-time Zillmer method	407,968	421,918
Qualifying subordinated debt	267,260	308,480
The amount of "excess amount of policy reserve based on full-time Zillmer method" and "qualifying subordinated debt" excluded from the calculation of solvency margin	_	_
Deductible items	(46,783)	(46,783)
Others	49,297	59,459
Fotal amount of risk $\sqrt{(R_1 + R_8)^2 + (R_2 + R_3 + R_7)^2} + R_4$ (B)	387,643	403,243
Insurance risk R1	20,614	20,481
3rd sector insurance risk R_8	10,172	10,217
Assumed investment yield risk R2	19,017	18,574
Minimum guarantee risk R7	_	_
Investment risk R3	359,194	374,987
Business risk R4	8,179	8,485
Solvency margin ratio $ \frac{(A)}{(1/2) \times (B)} \times 100 $	1,108.0%	1,182.8%

Notes: 1. Above figures are calculated based on the provisions of Articles 86 and 87 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act and Ministry of Finance Notification No. 50, 1996.

Reference: Economic Solvency Ratio

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Economic Solvency Ratio	241.6%	258.4%

Note: Economic solvency ratio (ESR) is an indicator of an insurance company's soundness and indicates whether or not a company has sufficient capital to cover its risks based on market-value assessment of its assets and liabilities. The Company calculates its ESR according to European methodology. Figures for some insurance liabilities and risks current as of September 30, 2025 have been calculated using simplified methods.

^{2. &}quot;Deductible items" represent the capital increase to the subsidiary, Fukokushinrai Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

9. Status of Separate Account

(1) Separate Account Assets by Products

(Millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
	Amount	Amount
Individual variable insurance	_	
Individual variable annuities	_	_
Group annuities	136,390	140,728
Total	136,390	140,728

(2) Individual Variable Insurance (Separate Account)

The Company has not sold the individual variable insurance.

(3) Individual Variable Annuities (Separate Account)

(i) Policies in Force

(Millions of yen except number of policies)

	As of March 31, 2025		As of Septen	nber 30, 2025
	Number of policies	Amount	Number of policies	Amount
Individual variable annuities	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_

(ii) Breakdown of Separate Account Assets for Individual Variable Annuities

	(Millions of year			* *	
		As of March 31, 2025		As of Septem	nber 30, 2025
		Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Casl	n, deposits, call loans	_	<u> </u>	_	%
Secu	urities	_	_	_	_
I	Domestic bonds	_	_	_	
I	Domestic stocks	_		_	_
I	Foreign securities	_		_	
	Foreign bonds	_		_	
	Foreign stocks and other securities	_		_	
(Other securities			_	
Loans		_	_	_	_
Othe	ers	_	_	_	
Allo	wance for possible loan losses	_	_	_	_
Total		_	_	_	_

(iii) Investment Income and Expenses of Separate Account for Individual Variable Annuities

(Millions of yen)

	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
	Amount	Amount
Interest, dividends and other income		_
Gains on sales of securities		
Gains on valuation of securities		
Gains on redemption of securities		
Gains on derivative instruments		
Foreign exchange gains, net		
Other investment income		
Losses on sales of securities	_	_
Losses on valuation of securities		
Losses on redemption of securities		
Losses on derivative instruments		
Foreign exchange losses, net		
Other investment expenses	_	_
Net investment income	_	_

(iv) Fair Value Information on Securities in Separate Account for Individual Variable Annuities

• Net Valuation Gains/Losses on Trading Securities

(Millions of yen)

	As of Ma	rch 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025		
	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Net valuation gains/losses included in the statements of operations	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Net valuation gains/losses included in the statements of operations	
Trading securities	_	_	_		

Note: The Company had no balances of money held in trust and derivative instruments.

Reference: Fair Value Information on Securities (Total of General Account and Separate Account)

Net Valuation Gains/Losses on Trading Securities

(Millions of yen)

				(Willions of yell)
	As o	f March 31, 2025	As of S	September 30, 2025
	Carrying value on the	Net valuation gains/losses included	Carrying value on the	Net valuation gains/losses included
	balance sheet	in the statement of operations	balance sheet	in the statement of operations
Trading securities	151,015	(7,498)	158,270	7,665

Note: The table above includes money held in trust for trading purpose.

Fair Value Information on Securities (other than trading securities)

(Millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2025			As of September 30, 2025						
	D 1 1			ains/Losses				-	ains/Losses	
	Book value	Fair value		Gains	Losses	Book value	Fair value		Gains	Losses
Held-to-maturity debt securities	645,682	666,692	21,010	21,010		625,391	640,889	15,498	15,498	
Domestic bonds	645,682	666,692	21,010	21,010		625,391	640,889	15,498	15,498	
Foreign bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Policy-reserve-matching bonds	627,193	568,591	(58,601)	_	58,601	1,190,149	1,046,258	(143,890)	_	143,890
Domestic bonds	627,193	568,591	(58,601)	_	58,601	1,190,149	1,046,258	(143,890)	_	143,890
Foreign bonds	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_
Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Available-for-sale securities	3,952,840	4,676,064	723,223	911,702	188,478	3,470,962	4,373,314	902,352	1,069,565	167,213
Domestic bonds	1,663,797	1,551,497	(112,300)	41,982	154,283	1,560,312	1,450,677	(109,634)	31,897	141,531
Domestic stocks	377,840	894,051	516,210	521,429	5,218	393,455	1,081,959	688,503	690,156	1,653
Foreign securities	1,759,222	2,035,649	276,427	302,858	26,431	1,376,303	1,650,233	273,930	296,972	23,041
Foreign bonds	1,315,509	1,406,359	90,849	111,631	20,781	898,812	920,726	21,913	41,288	19,374
Foreign stocks and other securities	443,712	629,290	185,577	191,226	5,649	477,491	729,507	252,016	255,683	3,667
Other securities	151,979	194,865	42,886	45,431	2,545	140,890	190,443	49,552	50,539	986
Money held in trust	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Monetary claims bought	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Negotiable certificate of deposits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Others	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	5,225,715	5,911,347	685,632	932,713	247,080	5,286,502	6,060,462	773,959	1,085,063	311,104
Domestic bonds	2,936,672	2,786,781	(149,891)	62,993	212,884	3,375,852	3,137,825	(238,026)	47,395	285,422
Domestic stocks	377,840	894,051	516,210	521,429	5,218	393,455	1,081,959	688,503	690,156	1,653
Foreign securities	1,759,222	2,035,649	276,427	302,858	26,431	1,376,303	1,650,233	273,930	296,972	23,041
Foreign bonds	1,315,509	1,406,359	90,849	111,631	20,781	898,812	920,726	21,913	41,288	19,374
Foreign stocks and other securities	443,712	629,290	185,577	191,226	5,649	477,491	729,507	252,016	255,683	3,667
Other securities	151,979	194,865	42,886	45,431	2,545	140,890	190,443	49,552	50,539	986
Money held in trust	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Monetary claims bought	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Negotiable certificate of deposits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Others	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	=	_	_

Notes: 1. The table above includes assets which are considered appropriate to deem as securities under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law.

[Held-to-maturity Debt Securities]

	As of March 31, 2025 As of September 30, 2025						
	As o	1 March 51, 2025	1	As of September 30, 2025			
	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Fair value	Differences	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Fair value	Differences	
Securities whose fair value exceeds the carrying value on the balance sheet	645,682	666,692	21,010	625,391	640,889	15,498	
Domestic bonds	645,682	666,692	21,010	625,391	640,889	15,498	
Foreign bonds	_		_	_	_		
Securities whose fair value does not exceed the carrying value on the balance sheet	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Domestic bonds	_		_	_	_		
Foreign bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_	

^{2.} The securities and investment partnerships without fair value are not included in the table above.

[Policy-reserve-matching Bonds]

(Millions of yen)

	As o	of March 31, 2025		As of September 30, 2025			
	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Fair value	Differences	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Fair value	Differences	
Bonds whose fair value exceeds the carrying value on the balance sheet		_			_		
Domestic bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Foreign bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Bonds whose fair value does not exceed the carrying value on the balance sheet	627,193	568,591	(58,601)	1,190,149	1,046,258	(143,890)	
Domestic bonds	627,193	568,591	(58,601)	1,190,149	1,046,258	(143,890)	
Foreign bonds	_	_	_		_	_	

[Available-for-sale Securities]

(Millions of yen)

				1	(Millions of yen)
	I	As of March 31, 2025	5	As	of September 30, 202	25
	Book value	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Differences	Book value	Carrying value on the balance sheet	Differences
Securities whose carrying value on the balance sheet exceeds the book value	2,419,174	3,330,877	911,702	2,104,499	3,174,065	1,069,565
Domestic bonds	785,897	827,880	41,982	723,983	755,880	31,897
Domestic stocks	334,237	855,666	521,429	381,063	1,071,220	690,156
Foreign securities	1,190,445	1,493,303	302,858	881,987	1,178,959	296,972
Foreign bonds	809,607	921,238	111,631	448,768	490,057	41,288
Foreign stocks	380,838	572,065	191,226	433,218	688,901	255,683
Other securities	108,594	154,026	45,431	117,466	168,005	50,539
Money held in trust	_	_	_	_	_	_
Monetary claims bought	_	_		_	_	_
Negotiable certificate of deposits	_	_	_	_	_	_
Others	_	_	_	_	_	_
Securities whose carrying value on the balance sheet does not exceed the book value	1,533,665	1,345,186	(188,478)	1,366,462	1,199,248	(167,213)
Domestic bonds	877,899	723,616	(154,283)	836,328	694,797	(141,531)
Domestic stocks	43,603	38,384	(5,218)	12,392	10,739	(1,653)
Foreign securities	568,777	542,345	(26,431)	494,316	471,274	(23,041)
Foreign bonds	505,902	485,120	(20,781)	450,043	430,668	(19,374)
Foreign stocks	62,874	57,224	(5,649)	44,273	40,605	(3,667)
Other securities	43,385	40,839	(2,545)	23,424	22,437	(986)
Money held in trust	_	_			_	_
Monetary claims bought						
Negotiable certificate of deposits	_		_			_
Others	_	_	_	_	_	_

• Book value of securities and investment partnerships without fair value are as follows:

(Millions of yen)

		(Millions of you)
	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	64,787	64,787
Available-for-sale securities	54,333	63,011
Domestic stocks	5,668	5,662
Foreign stocks	_	_
Others	48,665	57,348
Total	119,120	127,798

Note: In this table, domestic and overseas investment partnerships are included in "Others" within "Available-for-sale securities." However, unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities corresponding to these holdings by domestic and overseas investment partnerships (¥6,400 million as of March 31, 2025 and ¥8,001 million as of September 30, 2025) are included in their balance sheet carrying amounts.

Reference: Fair Value Information on Derivative Instruments (Total of General Account and Separate Account)

(i) Gains and Losses on Derivatives

(Millions of yen) Interest- related Currency- related Bond- related Total As of March 31, 2025 Stock- related Others Hedge accounting applied 300 Hedge accounting not applied 300 Total 300 300 As of September 30, 2025 Interest- related Currency- related Stock- related Bond- related Others Total Hedge accounting applied Hedge accounting not applied (499)(499)Total (499)(499)

Note: Gains and losses with hedge accounting not applied are reported in the statements of operations.

(ii) Hedge Accounting not Applied

[Interest-related Transactions]

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

[Currency-related Transactions]

(Millions of ven)

	1						(IVI)	llions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2025				As of September 30, 2025			
	Notional a contract		Fair value	Gains (Losses)	Notional a contract		Fair value	Gains (Losses)
Over-the-counter transactions								
Currency forward contracts								
Sold	21,975	_	21,743	231	30,655	_	31,140	(484)
U.S. dollar	11,111	_	11,021	89	14,134	_	14,244	(109)
Australian dollar	8,979	_	8,786	192	12,988	_	13,337	(349)
British pound	1,884	_	1,934	(50)	1,966		1,995	(29)
Euro		_	_	_	1,566		1,563	3
Canadian dollar			_	_	0	_	0	0
Bought			_	_	563	_	560	(2)
U.S. dollar	_	_	_	_	563	_	560	(2)
Currency options Sold Call					760			
Call	г 1						5	0
U.S. dollar	[-]			_	[6] 760		3	U
U.S. dollar	[-]		_	_	[6]	_	5	0
Put								
Tut	[-]		_	_	[-]		_	_
Bought								
Call		_						
	-1		_	_	$\begin{bmatrix} & -1 \end{bmatrix}$		_	_
Put	70,760	_			2,175	_		
	[1,124]		1,192	68	[31]		19	(12)
U.S. dollar	70,760				2,175			` ´
	[1,124]		1,192	68	[31]		19	(12)
Total				300				(499)

Notes: 1. Forward exchange rates are used for exchange rates as of September 30, 2025.

[Stock-related Transactions]

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

[Bond-related Transactions]

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

^{2.} Figures in [] are option premiums which are included in the balance sheet.

(iii) Hedge Accounting Applied

[Interest-related Transactions]

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

[Currency-related Transactions]

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

[Stock-related Transactions]

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

[Bond-related Transactions]

No ending balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2025.

10. Status of the Company, Subsidiaries and Affiliates

(1) Selected Financial Data

(100 million of ven)

		(100 million of yen)
	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Ordinary revenues	5,667	6,430
Ordinary profits	577	448
Net surplus attributable to the parent company	443	453
Comprehensive income	(513)	1,736

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Total assets	92,313	95,951
Solvency margin ratio	1,147.4%	1,215.3%

(2) Scope of Consolidation and Application of Equity Method

Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 6

Number of unconsolidated subsidiaries accounted for under the equity method: 0

Number of affiliates accounted for under the equity method: 0

(3) Consolidated Balance Sheets

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Assets:		
Cash and deposits	238,322	336,792
Call loans	97,000	211,000
Money held in trust	23,812	24,377
Securities	8,019,332	8,310,039
Loans	475,424	339,669
Tangible fixed assets	263,480	262,748
Intangible fixed assets	26,202	27,416
Agency receivables	0	0
Reinsurance receivables	120	12
Other assets	65,107	60,291
Net defined benefit assets	15,163	15,530
Deferred tax assets	7,907	7,846
Allowance for possible loan losses	(508)	(556)
Total assets	9,231,364	9,595,169

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Liabilities:		
Policy reserves:	7,809,032	7,952,146
Reserve for outstanding claims	30,104	28,740
Policy reserve	7,714,518	7,831,502
Reserve for dividends to policyholders	64,117	91,626
Reserve for dividends to policyholders (subsidiary)	291	277
Agency payables	507	599
Reinsurance payables	48	66
Subordinated bonds	267,260	308,480
Other liabilities	52,811	61,760
Net defined benefit liabilities	10,424	11,092
Reserve for price fluctuation	205,681	192,938
Deferred tax liabilities	36,766	92,078
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation	14,600	14,597
Total liabilities	8,397,132	8,633,760
Net assets:		
Foundation funds	8,000	8,000
Accumulated foundation funds redeemed	128,000	128,000
Reserve for revaluation	112	112
Consolidated surplus	148,280	147,194
Total foundation funds, surplus and others	284,393	283,306
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	517,928	646,857
Revaluation reserve for land, net of tax	4,025	4,018
Foreign currency translation adjustment	629	484
Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans	19,667	18,905
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	542,251	670,265
Non-controlling interests	7,587	7,836
Total net assets	834,231	961,408
Total liabilities and net assets	9,231,364	9,595,169

(4) Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income

[Consolidated Statements of Operations]

1 1	T	(Millions of yen)
	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Ordinary revenues:		
Premium and other income	407,002	417,099
Investment income	153,155	218,421
[Interest, dividends and other income]	[101,236]	[111,670]
[Gains on money held in trust, net]	[—]	[604]
[Gains on trading securities, net]	[0]	[-]
[Gains on sales of securities]	[48,783]	[89,198]
[Gains on separate accounts, net]	[—]	[13,352]
Other ordinary revenues	6,595	7,504
[Reversal of reserve for outstanding claims]	[803]	[1,364]
Total ordinary revenues	566,753	643,024
Ordinary expenses:	,	,
Claims and other payments	321,646	304,425
[Claims]	[61,609]	[54,106]
[Annuities]	[133,534]	[116,537]
[Benefits]	[62,208]	[62,873]
[Surrenders]	[51,974]	[55,199]
[Other payments]	[12,177]	[15,565]
Provision of policy reserve and others:	69,111	117,079
Provision of policy reserves	69,104	116,984
Provision of interest portion of reserve for dividends to policyholders	6	95
Provision of interest portion of reserve for dividends to policyholders (subsidiary)	0	0
Investment expenses	47,500	98,575
[Interest expenses]	[2,323]	[2,316]
[Losses on money held in trust, net]	[137]	
[Losses on money neid in trust, net] [Losses on trading securities, net]		[—]
	[—]	[3]
[Losses on sales of securities]	[34,016]	[73,025]
[Losses on valuation of securities]	[752]	[95]
[Losses on derivative instruments, net]	[745]	[922]
[Foreign exchange losses, net]	[627]	[343]
[Losses on separate accounts, net]	[136]	[—]
Operating expenses	55,979	62,824
Other ordinary expenses	14,773	15,270
Total ordinary expenses	509,010	598,176
Ordinary profits Extraordinary gains:	57,742	44,848
Gains on disposal of fixed assets	0	
Reversal of reserve for price fluctuation	0	12,742
·		
Total extraordinary gains	U	12,742
Extraordinary losses:	27	212
Losses on disposal of fixed assets	27	212
Impairment losses	2	10
Provision of reserve for price fluctuation	1,928	
Employee returns special expenses	_	1,697
Total extraordinary losses	1,958	1,921
Provision of reserve for dividends to policyholders (subsidiary)	86	87
Surplus before income taxes	55,698	55,581
Income taxes:		
Current	12,611	6,786
Deferred	(1,495)	3,222
Total income taxes	11,116	10,008
Net surplus for the period	44,581	45,572
Net surplus attributable to non-controlling interests	210	263
Net surplus attributable to the parent company	44,371	45,309

(4) Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Continued)

[Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income]

	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Net surplus	44,581	45,572
Other comprehensive income:	(95,949)	128,073
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	(95,625)	128,980
Foreign currency translation adjustments	454	(145)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plan, net of tax	(778)	(761)
Comprehensive income:	(51,367)	173,646
Comprehensive income attributable to the parent company	(51,382)	173,330
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	15	315

(5) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

		(Millions of yen)
	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Six months ended September 30, 2025
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Surplus before income taxes	55,698	55,581
Depreciation of real estate for rent and other assets	2,869	2,974
Depreciation	5,426	5,696
Impairment losses	2	10
Increase (decrease) in reserve for outstanding claims	(803)	(1,364)
Increase (decrease) in policy reserve	69,104	116,984
Provision of interest portion of reserve for dividends to policyholders	6	95
Provision of interest portion of reserve for dividends to policyholders (subsidiary)	0	0
Provision of reserve for dividends to policyholders (subsidiary)	86	87
Increase (decrease) in allowance for possible loan losses	(61)	48
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liabilities	(605)	(770)
Increase (decrease) in reserve for price fluctuation	1,928	(12,742)
Interest, dividends and other income	(101,236)	(111,670)
Losses (gains) on securities, net	(16,005)	(32,621)
Interest expenses	2,323	2,316
Foreign exchange losses (gains), net	627	334
Losses (gains) on tangible fixed assets, net	22	209
Others	13,933	25,957
Subtotal	33,317	51,127
Interest, dividends and other income received	99,572	105,997
Interest expenses paid	(2,309)	(2,311)
Dividends to policyholders paid	(16,836)	(18,860)
Dividends to policyholders paid (subsidiary)	(111)	(101)
Corporate income tax (paid) refunded	(11,414)	(820)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities [a]	102,218	135,030
Cash flows from investing activities:	(2.102)	(12.756)
Net decrease (increase) in deposits	(3,193)	(12,756)
Increase in money held in trust	(1,396)	_
Decrease in money held in trust	1,396 (569,749)	(1.092.026)
Payments for purchase of securities Proceeds from sales and redemption of securities	503,990	(1,083,036) 1,016,276
Payments for additions to loans	(24,276)	(22,877)
Proceeds from collections of loans	37,239	142,539
Proceeds from and payments for settlements of derivatives, net	(1,493)	1,913
Increase (decrease) in cash received as collateral under securities	,	1,713
lending transactions	(2,830)	_
Others	(5,151)	(5,214)
Subtotal [b]	(65,465)	36,844
[a+b]	36,753	171,874
Payments for purchase of tangible fixed assets	(10,242)	(3,944)
Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets	0	_
Payments for purchase of intangible fixed assets	(4,910)	(6,617)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(80,618)	26,283
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of subordinated bonds	_	102,029
Redemption of subordinated bonds	_	(62,065)
Proceeds from financing of additional foundation funds	8,000	_
Payments for redemption of foundation funds	(12,000)	_
Payment of interest on foundation funds	(102)	(129)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(66)	(66)
Payments for lease obligations	(589)	(435)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(4,757)	39,333
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	469	(924)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	17,312	199,722
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	506,141	321,312
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	523,453	521,035

(6) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

[For the six months ended September 30, 2024]

(Millions of yen)

	Foundation funds, surplus and others					
	Foundation funds	Accumulated foundation funds redeemed	Reserve for revaluation	Consolidated surplus	Total foundation funds, surplus and others	
Balance at the beginning of the current period	12,000	116,000	112	143,344	271,456	
Changes in the current period						
Financing of additional foundation funds	8,000				8,000	
Additions to reserve for dividends to policyholders				(37,138)	(37,138)	
Additions to accumulated foundation funds redeemed		12,000			12,000	
Payment of interest on foundation funds				(102)	(102)	
Net surplus attributable to the parent company for the current period				44,371	44,371	
Redemption of foundation funds	(12,000)				(12,000)	
Reversal of reserve for redemption of foundation funds				(12,000)	(12,000)	
Net changes, excluding foundation funds, surplus and others						
Total changes in the current period	(4,000)	12,000	_	(4,869)	3,130	
Balance at the end of the current period	8,000	128,000	112	138,475	274,587	

	Accumulated other comprehensive income						
	Net unrealized gains (losses) on available- for-sale securities, net of tax	Revaluation reserve for land, net of tax	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non-controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the current period	663,271	4,500	257	21,087	689,116	8,104	968,677
Changes in the current period							
Financing of additional foundation funds							8,000
Additions to reserve for dividends to policyholders							(37,138)
Additions to accumulated foundation funds redeemed							12,000
Payment of interest on foundation funds							(102)
Net surplus attributable to the parent company for the current period							44,371
Redemption of foundation funds							(12,000)
Reversal of reserve for redemption of foundation funds							(12,000)
Net changes, excluding foundation funds, surplus and others	(95,430)	_	454	(778)	(95,754)	(51)	(95,805)
Total changes in the current period	(95,430)	_	454	(778)	(95,754)	(51)	(92,674)
Balance at the end of the current period	567,841	4,500	711	20,308	593,362	8,053	876,003

[For the six months ended September 30, 2025]

(Millions of yen)

	Foundation funds, surplus and others					
	Foundation funds	Accumulated foundation funds redeemed	Reserve for revaluation	Consolidated surplus	Total foundation funds, surplus and others	
Balance at the beginning of the current period	8,000	128,000	112	148,280	284,393	
Changes in the current period						
Additions to reserve for dividends to policyholders				(46,273)	(46,273)	
Payment of interest on foundation funds				(129)	(129)	
Net surplus attributable to the parent company for the current period				45,309	45,309	
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land, net of tax				7	7	
Net changes, excluding foundation funds, surplus and others						
Total changes in the current period	_		_	(1,086)	(1,086)	
Balance at the end of the current period	8,000	128,000	112	147,194	283,306	

	Accumulated other comprehensive income						
	Net unrealized gains (losses) on available- for-sale securities, net of tax	Revaluation reserve for land, net of tax	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non-controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the current period	517,928	4,025	629	19,667	542,251	7,587	834,231
Changes in the current period							
Additions to reserve for dividends to policyholders							(46,273)
Payment of interest on foundation funds							(129)
Net surplus attributable to the parent company for the current period							45,309
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land, net of tax							7
Net changes, excluding foundation funds, surplus and others	128,929	(7)	(145)	(761)	128,014	248	128,262
Total changes in the current period	128,929	(7)	(145)	(761)	128,014	248	127,176
Balance at the end of the current period	646,857	4,018	484	18,905	670,265	7,836	961,408

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

I. Presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the accounts maintained by Fukoku Mutual Life Insurance Company (the "Company") and its consolidated subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Insurance Business Act of Japan and its related rules and regulations and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Japan.

In addition, the notes to the consolidated financial statements include information which is not required under accounting principles generally accepted in Japan but is presented herein as additional information.

Amounts of less than one million yen have been rounded down. As a result, the totals do not add up.

2. Principles of Consolidation

(1) Scope of Consolidation

Consolidated subsidiaries as of September 30, 2025 are listed below:

Fukoku Capital Management, Inc.

Fukokushinrai Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Fukoku Information Systems Co., Ltd.

Fukoku Life International (U.K.) Ltd.

Fukoku Life International (America) Inc.

Fukoku Life Investments Singapore Pte. Ltd.

Major unconsolidated subsidiary is Fukoku Business Service Company Limited.

Four subsidiaries are excluded from the scope of consolidation, as each one of them is small in its total assets, amount of sales, net surplus for the period and surplus and are sufficiently insignificant to reasonable judgement on their impact on the financial position and results of operation of the Company's group.

(2) Application of Equity Method

Unconsolidated subsidiaries (such as Fukoku Business Service Company Limited, etc.) are insignificant in their impact on net surplus attributable to the parent company and consolidated surplus, and also immaterial as a whole, therefore, application of equity method is not applied.

There are no affiliates for the six months ended September 30, 2025.

(3) Interim Closing Dates of Consolidated Subsidiaries

Among the subsidiaries to be consolidated, interim closing dates of overseas subsidiaries are June 30. For the preparation of consolidated financial statements, financial statements as of that date are used and concerning any important transaction taking place in between June 30 and the consolidated closing date, necessary adjustments for consolidation are made.

II. Notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheets

- 1. (1) The valuation of securities, including cash and deposits and monetary claims bought which are equivalent to securities, and securities managed as trust assets in money held in trust, is as follows:
 - i) Trading securities are stated at fair market value. Costs of their sales are determined by the moving average method.
 - ii) Held-to-maturity debt securities are stated at amortized cost under the straight-line method, cost being determined by the moving average method.
 - iii) Policy-reserve-matching bonds are stated at amortized cost under the straight-line method, cost being determined by the moving average method in accordance with "Temporary Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Concerning Policy-Reserve-Matching Bonds in the Insurance Industry" (Industry Audit Committee Report No. 21, issued by the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (JICPA) on November 16, 2000).
 - iv) Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates which are not accounted for under the equity method are stated at cost, cost being determined by the moving average method.
 - v) Available-for-sale securities are stated at fair market value based on the market prices at the end of the current period. Costs of their sales are determined by the moving average method. Public and corporate bonds (including foreign bonds) with differences between their acquisition costs and fair values that are considered as adjustments of interest are stated at amortized cost (straight-line method) determined by the moving average method. However, stocks and other securities without quoted market prices are stated at cost, as determined using the moving average method. Net unrealized gains or losses on these available-for-sale securities, net of taxes, are recorded as a separate component of net assets.
 - (2) Derivative instruments are stated at fair market value.
 - (3) The Company revalued the land used in the operations based on the Act for Revaluation of Land (Act No.34 promulgated on March 31, 1998). The difference between fair value and book value resulting from the revaluation, net of related taxes, is recorded as revaluation reserve for land as a separate component of net assets and the related tax is recorded as deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation.
 - Date of revaluation: March 31, 2002
 - Method of revaluation as prescribed for in Article 3 Paragraph 3 of the said Act:
 Calculation is based on the appraisal value for property tax set forth in Article 2 item 3 of the Enforcement
 Ordinance of the Act for Revaluation of Land (Government Ordinance No.119 promulgated on March 31, 1998) and the road rate set forth in Article 2 item 4 of the said Ordinance with certain reasonable adjustments.
 - (4) Depreciation of the Company's tangible fixed assets is calculated by the following methods.
 - Tangible fixed assets (excluding lease assets): Declining-balance method
 However, buildings (excluding building attachments and structures acquired on or before March 31, 2016)
 acquired on or after April 1, 1998 are depreciated using Straight-line method.
 - Lease assets related to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership: Straight-line method over the lease term with no residual value.

Other tangible fixed assets acquired for \\$100,000 or more but less than \\$200,000 are depreciated equally over three years.

- (5) Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, except for investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates, are translated into Japanese yen at the effective exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rate on the date of acquisition.
- (6) Allowance for possible loan losses for the Company is provided in accordance with the standards of self-assessment and write-offs and reserves on credit quality:
 - i) For the credits of borrowers who are legally bankrupt such as being in the proceedings of bankruptcy or civil rehabilitation (hereinafter called "legally bankrupt borrowers") and who are substantially bankrupt (hereinafter called "substantially bankrupt borrowers"), the Company provides the remaining amounts of credits after the direct write-off described below and the deductions of the amount expected to be collected through the disposal of collateral or the execution of guarantees.
 - ii) For the credits of borrowers who are not currently bankrupt but have a high possibility of bankruptcy (hereinafter called "not currently bankrupt borrowers"), the Company provides the amounts deemed as necessary considering the borrowers' ability to pay, within the amounts after deductions of the amounts expected to be collected through the disposal of collateral or the execution of guarantees.
 - iii) For the credits of borrowers other than the above, the Company provides the amounts calculated by multiplying the borrowers' balance by the actual ratio of bad debt losses on defaults during a certain past period.

All credits are assessed by the relevant departments in accordance with the Company's standards of self- assessment on credit quality. The results of the assessment are reviewed by the audit department, which is independent of business-related divisions. Subsequently, the allowance for possible loan losses is provided based on the results of these assessments.

For the credits of legally bankrupt borrowers and substantially bankrupt borrowers, the amounts remaining after deductions of collateral value or the amounts collectible through the execution of guarantees are written-off directly from the borrowers' balances as the estimated uncollectible amounts. The amount written-off as of September 30, 2025was ¥1 million.

(7) Net defined benefit liabilities and assets, which are provided for employees' retirement benefits, are calculated by deducting the amount of pension assets from the amount of retirement benefit obligations incurred as of the balance sheet date based on the projected retirement benefits as of the current fiscal year end.

The Company uses the following methods of accounting in relation to retirement benefits:

- Method for allocation of projected retirement benefits Benefit formula basis
- Amortization period of actuarial gains and losses...... 10 years
- (8) Reserve for price fluctuation is calculated in accordance with Article 115 of the Insurance Business Act.
- (9) Hedge accounting is based on "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Statement No. 10, July 4, 2019). The Company applies a designated hedge accounting ("Furiate shori") for foreign currency swaps as a hedge against the risk of foreign exchange fluctuation in relation to bonds denominated in foreign currencies issued by the Company.

For assessing the effectiveness of hedge used, ratio analysis of comparing the fluctuations in the fair value or cash flows of hedged items and hedging instruments is mainly applied.

- (10) The Company accounts for consumption taxes by the tax-exclusion method. The consumption taxes on certain assets, which are not deductible from consumption taxes withheld and that are stipulated to be deferred under the Tax Act, are deferred as prepaid expenses and amortized equally over five years. Consumption taxes other than deferred consumption taxes are recognized as an expense when incurred.
- (11) Initial premium incomes are recorded by the relevant amounts received when the premium incomes have been received and the responsibilities on the insurance contract have been commenced, in principal.

Subsequent premium incomes are also recorded as the amount of payments that have been received.

Of premium incomes that have been received, the portion corresponding to the period that has yet to pass as of September 30, 2025 is accumulated as policy reserve in accordance with Article 116 of the Insurance Business Act and Article 69 Paragraph 1 Item 2 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act.

Premium incomes associated with the acceptance of group annuities are recorded as amounts equivalent to the policy reserve received when accepting the transfers of these group annuities.

(12) Claims and other payments (excluding reinsurance premiums) are recorded by the relevant amounts paid when the cause for payment under the policy conditions is occurred and the calculated amounts are paid based on the policy conditions.

In accordance with Article 117 of the Insurance Business Act and Article 72 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act, reserve for outstanding claims are accumulated as for claims for which the Company has a payment due but has not paid, or for which the occurrence of cause for payment has not been reported but the Company recognizes that insured payment has already occurred as of September 30, 2025.

Regarding claims for which the occurrence of cause for payment has not been reported but the Company recognizes that insured payment has already occurred ("IBNR reserves"), the special treatment providing payment of hospitalization benefits with respect to those diagnosed with COVID-19 and were under the care of a doctor or the like at an lodging facility or at home ("deemed hospitalization") was discontinued on May 8, 2023. As a result of this change, an appropriate amount of reserves cannot be obtained with the calculation method set forth in the main rules in Article 1, Paragraph 1 of the Notification of the Minister of Finance No.234, 1998 ("IBNR Notification"). The Company therefore records the amount that was calculated using the following method, pursuant to provisions in the proviso of Article 1, Paragraph 1 of IBNR Notification (the "Proviso").

(Overview of the calculation method)

The Company first deducts an amount pertaining to deemed hospitalization of policy holders from a required amount of IBNR reserves and the amount of claim payments for all the consolidated fiscal years, as set forth in the main rules in Article 1, Paragraph 1 of IBNR Notification, and then calculates in the same manner as in the main rules in Article 1, Paragraph 1 of IBNR Notification.

Claims and other payments associated with the outgoing transfer of group annuities are recorded as amounts equivalent to the policy reserve transferred when recognizing the transfers of these group annuities.

(13) Policy reserve of the Company is accumulated in accordance with the methods stated in the statement of calculation procedures for Insurance Premiums and Policy Reserves (Article 4 Paragraph 2 Item 4 of the Insurance Business Act) pursuant to Article 116 Paragraph 1 of the Insurance Business Act to prepare for the future performance of obligations under the insurance contracts for which the insurer's responsibilities have started as of September 30, 2025.

Premium reserves, one of the components of policy reserve, are calculated by the following method.

i) In regard to the policies subject to the standard policy reserve, the method as prescribed by the Commissioner of Financial Services Agency (Ministry of Finance Ordinance No.48, 1996) is applied.

ii) In regard to the policies not subject to the standard policy reserve, the net level premium method is applied.

In regard to the policy reserve accumulated pursuant to Article 69 Paragraphs 1, 2, and 4 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act, when the actual assumptions for long-term future cash flows (such as assumed incidence rate and assumed interest rate) deviate from those assumptions set in the "statement of calculation procedures for Insurance Premiums and Policy Reserves" and policy reserve is considered to be possibly insufficient to cover the future performance of obligations, additional policy reserve is required to accumulate in accordance with Article 69 Paragraph 5 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act. The following reserves have been established in compliance with this regulation.

- Among individual annuity insurance policies with an assumed interest rate of 5.00% or higher, for policies that have begun paying annuities (excluding wife's annuity insurance additional rider), the Company has reduced the assumed interest rate to 1.00% and funded additional policy reserves. As of September 30, 2025, the balance of these policy reserves was ¥65,657 million.
- Among whole life insurance policies with assumed interest rates of 5.00% or higher, the Company has reduced assumed interest rates for policies with premiums that have been paid in full (excluding policies that have been converted into paid-up or extended policies, single premium policies, and policies for which premiums have been waived) to 1.00% and funded additional policy reserves. As of September 30, 2025, the balance of these policy reserves was \times 103,929 million.
- The Company has also funded additional policy reserves for certain new cancer riders and highly advanced medical riders. As of September 30, 2025, the balance of these policy reserves was ¥90 million.

Contingency reserves, one of the components of policy reserve, are accumulated pursuant to Article 116 of the Insurance Business Act and Article 69 Paragraph 1 Item 3 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act to cover risks that may accrue in the future in order to ensure performing future obligations under the insurance contracts.

- (14) Depreciation of intangible fixed assets is calculated by the following methods.
 - Software: Straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.
 - Lease assets related to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership: Straight-line method over the lease term with no residual value.
- (15) Of the bonds corresponding to the sub-groups of individual insurance, individual annuities, and group annuities which are set by insurance types and investment policies, the bonds that are held to match the duration of liabilities are classified as policy-reserve-matching bonds in accordance with "Temporary Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Concerning Policy-reserve-matching Bonds in Insurance Industry" (Industry Audit Committee Report No. 21 issued by JICPA on November 16, 2000).

2. The carrying amounts, fair values and their related differences of major financial assets and liabilities in the general account as of September 30, 2025 were as follows:

			(Millions of yen)
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Difference
Money held in trust:			
Trading securities	¥ 23,377	¥23,377	¥
Total money held in trust	23,377	23,377	_
Securities:			
Held-to-maturity debt securities	1,120,815	1,112,131	(8,684)
Policy-reserve-matching bonds	2,335,349	2,051,906	(283,443)
Available-for-sale securities	4,647,562	4,647,562	_
Total securities	8,103,728	7,811,600	(292,127)
Loans:			
Policy loans	46,732	46,732	(0)
Ordinary loans	293,136	294,086	950
Total loans	339,869	340,819	950
Assets total	8,466,974	8,175,797	(291,177)
Subordinated bonds*1	308,480	301,662	(6,817)
Liabilities total	308,480	301,662	(6,817)
Derivative instruments*2:			
Hedge accounting not applied	(497)	(497)	_
Total derivative instruments	¥(497)	¥(497)	¥—

^{*1.} The fair value of derivative instruments that are currency swaps under designated hedge accounting is included in the fair value of subordinated bonds because it is accounted for as an integral part of the subordinated bonds that are the hedge items.

- Notes: 1. Stocks without market prices, such as unlisted stocks, are not included in Securities of the above table.

 The amount of these stocks on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2025 was ¥9,068 million.
 - 2. In accordance with Paragraph 24-16 of the "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31, June 17, 2021. Hereinafter called "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement"), investments in partnerships are not included in Securities of the above table. As of September 30, 2025, the amount of investments in partnerships included on the balance sheet was ¥62,349 million.
 - 3. Investment trusts with real estate as investment trust properties which have applied Paragraph 24-9 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement are included in Securities.

^{*2.} Assets and liabilities generated by derivative instruments are offset and presented net. Net liabilities in total are presented in parentheses.

3. Matters concerning the breakdown of financial instruments by fair value level are as follows.

The fair values of financial instruments are classified into the following three levels according to the observability and materiality of inputs used to measure fair value.

Fair Value Level 1: Fair values measured using (unadjusted) quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Fair Value Level 2: Fair values measured using directly or indirectly observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs Fair Value Level 3: Fair values measured using material unobservable inputs

When multiple inputs with material impact are used to measure fair value, the resulting fair value is classified into the lowest fair value level into which any of these inputs can be categorized.

(1) Financial assets and liabilities with fair values recorded on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2025

			(M	Iillions of yen)	
Classification	Fair value				
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Money held in trust:					
Trading securities	¥	¥23,377	¥—	¥ 23,377	
Total money held in trust	_	23,377	_	23,377	
Securities:					
Available-for-sale securities:					
Government bonds	1,015,769		_	1,015,769	
Local government bonds	_	85,987	_	85,987	
Corporate bonds	_	591,291		591,291	
Stocks	1,082,047	_	_	1,082,047	
Foreign securities	719,626	908,326	24,232	1,652,186	
Other securities	70,652	139,162		209,815	
Total available-for-sale securities	2,888,096	1,724,768	24,232	4,637,097	
Total securities	2,888,096	1,724,768	24,232	4,637,097	
Assets total	2,888,096	1,748,145	24,232	4,660,474	
Derivative instruments*:					
Currency-related	(0)	(496)		(497)	
Total derivative instruments	¥(0)	¥(496)	¥	¥(497)	

^{*} Assets and liabilities generated by derivative instruments are offset and presented net. Net liabilities in total are presented in parentheses.

Note: Investment trusts with real estate as investment trust properties that have applied Paragraph 24-9 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement are not included in the figures above. The amount of the investment trusts on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2025 was ¥10,465 million. Reconciliation of balances from the beginning of the current fiscal year to balances as of September 30, 2025 for the investment trusts were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Balance at the beginning of the current period.	¥10,302
Gains or losses and other comprehensive income during the current period	162
Values recognized as other comprehensive income*	162
Balance at the end of the current period.	¥10,465

^{*} These amounts are included in net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax under other comprehensive income in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the six months ended September 30, 2025.

			(M	(illions of yen)
Classification	Fair value			
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Securities:				
Held-to-maturity debt securities:				
Government bonds	¥955,519	¥	¥	¥955,519
Local government bonds	_	81,610	_	81,610
Corporate bonds	_	75,002	_	75,002
Total held-to-maturity debt securities	955,519	156,612	_	1,112,131
Policy-reserve-matching bonds:				
Government bonds	1,608,835	_	_	1,608,835
Local government bonds	_	91,174	_	91,174
Corporate bonds	_	351,896	_	351,896
Total policy-reserve-matching bonds	1,608,835	443,070	_	2,051,906
Total securities	2,564,355	599,682	_	3,164,037
Loans:				
Policy loans	_	_	46,732	46,732
Ordinary loans		_	294,086	294,086
Total loans		_	340,819	340,819
Assets total	2,564,355	599,682	340,819	3,504,857
Subordinated bonds		301,662	_	301,662
Liabilities total	¥	¥301,662	¥—	¥301,662

(3) Explanation of valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value

i) Securities (including deposits and monetary claims bought which are treated as securities based on "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" [ASBJ Statement No.10, July 4, 2019])

The fair values of securities for which unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets are available (primarily listed stocks and government bonds [including some foreign securities]) are classified as Fair Value Level 1. Meanwhile, the fair values of securities for which quoted market prices are available, but are not available in active markets, are classified as Fair Value Level 2 (This category primarily includes local government bonds and corporate bonds [including some foreign securities]). When quoted market prices are not available for securities, prices obtained from third parties (mainly from information vendors and financial institutions with which the Company conducts business) and determined to have been measured in accordance with prescribed accounting standards are used to measure the fair values of these securities. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of a given security are material but unobservable, the resulting fair value is classified as Fair Value Level 3.

ii) Money held in trust

In principle, the fair values of securities managed as trust assets and classified as money held in trust are measured using the Company's prescribed method for determining the value of securities. These fair values are categorized as Fair Value Level 2.

iii) Loans

The fair values of policy loans are deemed to approximate book values, considering estimated repayment period and interest rate conditions since their repayment deadlines have not been set up due to the characteristics that the loans are limited to the amount of cash surrender values. Therefore, the book values are used as the fair values of policy loans.

The fair values of floating interest rate loans among the ordinary loans approximate the book values because the market interest rates are reflected in future cash flows in a short period. Therefore, the fair values of floating interest rate loans are used as their book values. The fair values of fixed interest rate loans

are primarily calculated by discounting the future cash flows to the present values.

The fair values of loans from legally bankrupt borrowers, substantially bankrupt borrowers and not currently bankrupt borrowers are computed by deducting the amount of the allowance for possible loan losses from the book values before direct write-offs.

Because significant unobservable inputs used to measure the fair values of loans, the resulting fair values are classified as Fair Value Level 3.

iv) Subordinated bonds

The fair values of corporate bonds issued by the Company are classified as Fair Value Level 2 and are measured using the same method applied to securities.

v) Derivative instruments

The fair values of derivative instruments for which unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets are available (primarily exchange-traded futures and options) are classified as Fair Value Level 1. However, most derivative instruments are traded over the counter and have no quoted market prices. Accordingly, prices obtained from third parties (mainly from information vendors and financial institutions with which the Company conducts business) and determined to have been measured in accordance with prescribed accounting standards are used to measure the fair values of these derivative instruments. Fair values of derivative instruments that were measured using only observable inputs or with unobservable inputs considered to be immaterial are classified as Fair Value Level 2. Meanwhile, fair values of derivative instruments that have been measured using material unobservable inputs are categorized as Fair Value Level 3.

- (4) Information concerning fair values of financial assets and liabilities that have been recorded on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2025 and classified as Fair Value Level 3
 - i) Quantitative information regarding material unobservable inputs When measuring fair value, the Company does not adjust quoted prices obtained from third parties and does not make estimates related to inputs that it cannot observe. Accordingly, quantitative information regarding material unobservable inputs have been omitted.
 - ii) Reconciliation of balances from the beginning of the current fiscal year to balances as of September 30, 2025, and valuation gains or losses recognized in the statements of operations for the six months ended September 30, 2025.

	(Mi	llions of yen)
	Securities, Available-for-sale securities, Foreign securities	Total
Balance at the beginning of the current period	¥24,304	¥24,304
Gains or losses and other comprehensive income during the current period	(71)	(71)
Values recognized as gains or losses*1	(5)	(5)
Values recognized as other comprehensive income*2	(66)	(66)
Balance at the end of the current period	¥24,232	¥24,232

^{*1.} These amounts are included in investment income and investment expenses in the consolidated statements of operations for the six months ended September 30, 2025.

^{*2.} These amounts are included in net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax under other comprehensive income in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the six months ended September 30, 2025.

iii) Explanation of the valuation process for fair value

The Company's asset management division is responsible for the formulation of policies and procedures related to the measurement of fair value and the actual measurement of fair value. These fair values are subsequently checked by the risk management department to ensure their appropriateness and compliance with relevant policies and procedures.

The Company verifies the appropriateness of the fair values it measures using a variety of suitable methods, which include comparing quoted market prices obtained from different third parties; confirming techniques and inputs utilized for calculation; and further comparing measured fair values with the fair values of similar financial instruments.

- iv) Explanation of the impact on fair value in case of change in material unobservable inputs

 When measuring fair value, the Company does not adjust quoted prices obtained from third parties and does
 not make estimates related to inputs that it cannot observe. Accordingly, it has omitted information
 concerning impact on fair value stemming from changes in material unobservable inputs.
- 4. Notes related to the fair value of investment and rental properties are omitted as no significant change has occurred since the previous fiscal year-end.
- 5. The amount of securities lent under lending agreements was \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4}39,278\) million as of September 30, 2025.
- 6. The total amount of claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk, delinquent loans past three months or more, and restructured loans was ¥620 million as of September 30, 2025. The details are as follows.
 - i) The balance of claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors was ¥123 million as of September 30, 2025.

Of which, the estimated uncollectible amount written-off was ¥1 million as of September 30, 2025.

Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors are loans to borrowers who are subject to bankruptcy, corporate reorganization or rehabilitation or other similar proceedings and other borrowers in serious financial difficulties.

ii) The balance of claims with collection risk was ¥300 million as of September 30, 2025.

Claims with collection risk are loans to obligors (other than claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors) with deteriorated financial condition and results of operations from which it is unlikely that the principal and interest on the loans will be recovered.

iii) There was no balance of delinquent loans past three months or more as of September 30, 2025.

Delinquent loans past three months or more are loans for which interest payments or repayments of principal are delinquent for three months or more from the due date under the terms of the related loan agreements, excluding those loans classified as claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk.

iv) The balance of restructured loans was ¥196 million as of September 30, 2025.

Restructured loans are loans for which certain concessions favorable to borrowers, such as interest reduction or exemption, rescheduling of due date for repayments of principal or interest payment, waiver of claim or other terms, have been negotiated for the purpose of assisting and supporting the borrowers in the

restructuring of their business. This category excludes loans classified as claims against bankrupt and quasibankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk, and delinquent loans past three months or more.

- 7. Accumulated depreciation of tangible fixed assets were ¥192,212 million as of September 30, 2025.
- 8. Total assets in separate accounts provided for in Article 118 of the Insurance Business Act were ¥140,728 million as of September 30, 2025. The amounts of separate account liabilities were the same as separate account assets.
- 9. Changes in reserve for dividends to policyholders for the six months ended September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Balance at the beginning of the current period.	¥64,117
Transfer from surplus in the previous fiscal year	46,273
Dividend payments to policyholders during the current period	(18,860)
Increase in interest	95
Balance at the end of the current period	¥91,626

10. Changes in reserve for dividends to policyholders (Fukokushinrai Life Insurance Co., Ltd.) for the six months ended September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Balance at the beginning of the current period.	¥291
Dividend payments to policyholders during the current period	(101)
Increase in interest	0
Provision of reserve for dividends to policyholders	87
Balance at the end of the current period	¥277

- 11. The amount of stocks of unconsolidated subsidiaries was ¥404 million as of September 30, 2025.
- 12. Assets pledged as collateral as of September 30, 2025 were \(\frac{1}{2}\)102,878 million of securities. Secured debts as of September 30, 2025, were \(\frac{1}{2}\)5,956 million.
- 13. Reserve for outstanding claims for the reinsurance contracts provided in accordance with Article 71 Paragraph 1 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act (hereinafter called "reserve for outstanding claims for ceded reinsurance") was ¥0 million as of September 30, 2025.

Policy reserve for the reinsurance contracts provided in accordance with Article 71 Paragraph 1 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act (hereinafter called "policy reserve for ceded reinsurance") was ¥28 million as of September 30, 2025.

- 14. There were unused commitment line agreements under which the Company is the lender of ¥8,953 million as of September 30, 2025.
- 15. Repayments of subordinated bonds are subordinated to other obligations.

III. Notes to the Consolidated Statements of Operations

1. For the six months ended September 30, 2025, in calculating the reversal of reserve for outstanding claims, a reversal of reserve for outstanding claims for ceded reinsurance of ¥40 million was deducted. In calculating the provision of policy reserves, a reversal of policy reserve for ceded reinsurance of ¥2 million was added.

IV. Notes to the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

- 1. Cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2025 consist of "Cash," "Deposits in transfer account," "Current deposits," "Ordinary deposits," "Notice deposits," "Time deposits maturing within 3 months of the date of acquisition," "Foreign currency deposits maturing within 3 months of the date of acquisition," "Negotiable certificate of deposits maturing within 3 months of the date of acquisition," "Call loans" and "Monetary claims bought maturing within 3 months of the date of acquisition."
- 2. Reconciliations of cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of cash flows to the consolidated balance sheet accounts as of September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Cash and deposits	¥336,792
Call loans	211,000
Time deposits maturing over 3 months of the date of acquisition	(25,020)
Foreign currency deposits maturing over 3 months of the date of acquisition	(1,737)
Cash and cash equivalents	¥521,035

(7) Status of Insurance Claims Paying Ability of the Company and Insurance Subsidiaries (Consolidated Solvency Margin Ratio)

(Millions of yen) As of As of March 31, 2025 September 30, 2025 Total solvency margin 2,261,410 2,501,272 (A) Foundation funds and surplus 242,655 264,079 Reserve for price fluctuation 205,681 192,938 Contingency reserve 223,180 224,494 Catastrophe loss reserve General allowance for possible loan losses 267 309 (Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities (before tax) and deferred 654,586 817,834 hedge gains (losses) (before tax)) \times 90% Net unrealized gains on real estate × 85% 175,284 176,479 Sum of unrecognized actuarial differences and unrecognized prior service cost 27,672 26,601 Excess amount of policy reserve based on full-time Zillmer method 410,517 424,602 Qualifying subordinated debt 267,260 308,480 The amount of "excess amount of policy reserve based on full-time Zillmer method" and "qualifying subordinated debt" excluded from the calculation of solvency margin Deductible items Others 54,305 65,450 Total amount of risk $\sqrt{(\sqrt{R_1^2 + R_5^2} + R_8 + R_9)^2 + (R_2 + R_3 + R_7)^2} + R_4 + R_6$ 394,158 411,598 (B) Insurance risk R_1 20,993 20,859 General insurance risk R_5 Catastrophe risk R_6 3rd sector insurance risk R_8 10,323 10,369 Small amount and short-term insurance risk R_9 Assumed investment yield risk 19,388 19,051 R_2 R_7 Minimum guarantee risk Investment risk R_3 365,178 382,675 8,659 Business risk R_4 8,317 Solvency margin ratio 1,147.4% 1,215.3% × 100

Note: Above figures are calculated based on the provisions of Articles 86-2 and 88 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Insurance Business Act and the Financial Services Agency Notification No. 23, 2011.

Reference: Consolidated Economic Solvency Ratio

	As of March 31, 2025	As of September 30, 2025
Economic Solvency Ratio	247.2%	260.9%

Note: Economic solvency ratio (ESR) is an indicator of an insurance company's soundness and indicates whether or not a company has sufficient capital to cover its risks based on market-value assessment of its assets and liabilities. The Company calculates its ESR according to European methodology. Figures for some insurance liabilities and risks current as of September 30, 2025 have been calculated using simplified methods.